Victoria Daily Times.

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hat

We have in our Store will interest everybody that appreciates Modern Novelties in Silverware, Jewelry, etc.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government St., Opposite Bank of B. C.

The Great Annual

Summer Sale

...OF...

Dry Goods,

Mantles AND Jackets,

OPENS AT

THE WESTSIDE

Thursday, June 27, 1895

Prices will be reduced just as they always are when we open a Reduction Sale. See hand bills.
In Expensive Fancy Dress Goods we have made a tremendous cut. Those that were $1.40 to $2.25 per yard will be cleared out at 50c. 25 pieces French Boulier Dress Goods, double width, all wool, 20c. per yard, and other lines in proportion.
Successful Storekeeping does not mean gigantic profits. It means doing business continually—constantly. Selling Seasonable Goods, even at a loss, rather than holding them over for many months. This is the argument for this **Great Clearance Sale.**

J. Hutcheson & Co.

June 26, 1895.

WE GOT OUR PRICES SO LOW

We were under the Floor.

But we are selling Olympic Flour at $1.00.
Yosemite Hams, 14c. Hungarian Flour, $1.40.
Sugar has gone up a peg---21 lbs. for $1.00
Try our 20 cent tea. You will come again.
Mason's Jam Jars, jammed down.
Look foy our snaps. The Shop is full of them.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

JUST READY

New Season's Strawberry & Gooseberry Jam

VERY DELICIOUS. FALCONER'S.

A large quantity of strawberry boxes for sale very cheap.

We are still at the same old stand and in the same business. Our stock can be relied upon as much as ever it could, and we're still treating our customers just as we have always done.

A. GREGG & SON,

Merchant Tailors, Yates Street.

Summer Suits to Order for $16

At R. J. MATTHEWS', Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St

First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made and trimmed from $10. Good Pants to order from $3.50. Call and examine these goods before buying elsewhere.

101 DOUGLAS ST.

NO REMEDIAL LEGISLATION

But a Fall Session May be Held to Dispose of the Manitoba Difficulty.

Chief Justice Davie's Salary Increased — Westminster Penitentiary.

Ottawa, July 5.—Hon. Robert Watson, minister of public works in the Manitoba government, arrived here last evening. It is stated that he is to oppose the introduction of a bill by the Dominion government granting to the Roman Catholic minority the right of maintaining their own schools out of their taxes. It now seems probable that the Dominion government will decline to interfere with Manitoba's law abolishing separate schools.

The Ontario members of the cabinet have represented to Premier Bowell that that Protestant and Conservative province will surely go solid against the government if Manitoba be interfered with. French Conservatives have threatened to bolt and join the opposition if the remedial bill be not brought in, but nobody believes they will do so. Most of them are poor men to whom the sessional allowance of about $1200 is very useful. It has been pointed out to them that there is nothing for them in aiding the government's defeat. The Liberal party, French members included, will vote against any remedial bill.

Davies, Liberal, has been paying much attention to the affairs of British Columbia, particularly with regard to the sealing matters. Yesterday he made an energetic speech upon the delay in settling the sealing claims. Col. Prior also spoke.

An amendment of Sir Richard Cartwright, condemning the government for delay in filling senate vacancies, was defeated by forty votes.

Messrs. Mara and Corbould spoke upon questions affecting the Indians of British Columbia, and Col. Prior protested against the government's delay in bringing down returns.

The movement for a new Dominion flag with the maple leaf as an emblem is making rapid progress. Several ministers are favorable to it.

Six additional superannuations are announced.

The government can only pay for eight days' training of the militia during the coming fiscal year owing to the reduced appropriation.

In the house yesterday, on the motion for the third reading of the bill extending the provisions of the French treaty to all countries having the most favored nation clause with Great Britain, Cartwright and Edgar protested against the doctrine as opposed to the commercial independence of Canada. The motion was carried on division.

Daly gave an account of the trouble on the Blackfeet reserve over the death of a little child in the Indian home in May, resulting in the closing of the home and the flight of Rev. Mr. Tims from the reserve.

It is reported that there is not likely to be any remedial legislation this session, though it is certain that a bill to that effect has been prepared by one of the ministers. The government whips have been busy ascertaining the views of Conservative members and it is given out that the chief whip reported that 39 were against remedial legislation, the whip himself among others. The government could only count on carrying a remedial bill with the support of twenty to thirty Liberals from Quebec, a most uncertain quantity, as it is well known that while they might support some clauses of the bill they would go against it on others and thereby secure the defeat of the ministry. Ontario Conservatives, who thought three weeks ago they could accept remedial legislation, have changed their minds. The Maritime Conservatives have also shown a sudden opposition to remedial legislation.

Another meeting of the cabinet is being held this forenoon discussing the school question. All the ministers now in the city are in attendance. The public accounts committee, which was called this morning, was cancelled to allow them to attend. There are all kinds of reports in circulation as to the result of to-day's meeting, but it is very doubtful if any decision was reached. It is expected that some line of action will be reached at to-day's sitting, but it is a question whether there will be a bill or not. This will likely be decided upon. This matter being once got over the details will then be gone into. The French ministers told the Quebec Conservative members to be on hand to-day, as they might be required. They were not told why they were wanted. It is said that at yesterday's meeting the cabinet stood as follows: For remedial legislation—Bowell, Caron, Tupper, Ouimet, Angers and Costigan. Against remedial legislation—Haggart, Foster, Daly, Dickey, Montague, Ferguson and Sir Frank Smith. This would make seven against and six for, there being thirteen ministers present. Smith is in favor of a commission.

It is learned semi-officially that it was decided at to-day's cabinet meeting that there will be no remedial legislation this session, and that a statement will be made in the house to this effect. In this connection it is said there will be a fall session for this purpose. This means nothing, since in the meantime there will be a dissolution.

In the house to-day Laurier asked Foster if he would make a statement. Foster replied that on Monday he would do so and then he would make a definite and positive statement.

Laurier—"That will be the last."

Foster—"Yes." (Laughter.)

This is taken to mean no remedial legislation this session.

Davie's salary as judge of the admiralty court is increased from $600 to $1600. A vote of 90 for and 57 against. Wilson, Conservative, voted against the increase.

IRISH WITCH TRAGEDY.

Michael Cleary Convicted of Manslaughter for Burning His Wife.

Dublin, July 5.—Michael Cleary, of Ballyvadlea, near Clonmel, was convicted of manslaughter to-day for causing the death of his wife, Bridget Cleary, at Ballyvadlea on March 14th last, by burning and otherwise ill-treating her on the ground that she was bewitched. This so-called Clonmel witch tragedy is one of the most remarkable in the annals of crime in Ireland. Michael Cleary, husband of the deceased, Patrick Boland, her father, William, Patrick, Michael and James Kennedy, cousins, Mary Kennedy, aunt, and Patrick Dunne, Wm. Ahearn and Dennis Caney, the latter known as the "family doctor," were jointly arrested and charged with burning and ill-treating Bridget Cleary until death relieved her from further suffering. The evidence showed that Mrs. Cleary was suffering from nervousness and bronchitis, and that her husband, believing her bewitched, forced a nauseous decoction down her throat for the purpose of exorcising the evil spirit. After this the unfortunate woman was held over the fire and dreadfully burned until she declared in the name of God that she was not Cleary's wife. This torture was repeated and in the end her husband knocked her down, stripped off her clothing, poured parafine over her body, lighted it, and the woman was burned to death in the presence of her relatives. Cleary claimed that he was not burning his wife, but a witch.

FIGHTING IN CUBA.

Reported Defeat of the Insurgents at Palmas Altas.

Havana, July 5.—Details reached here to-day of the death of Amadora Guerrra, a noted insurgent leader. It appears that two severe engagements were fought yesterday at Palmas Altas, not far from Manzanilla, and one of the largest towns in Santjago de Cuba. Capt Boreas, at the head of a detachment of 80 volunteers, twice engaged a force of 400 insurgent cavalry under command of Amadora Guerra. The volunteers lost 17 killed and 19 wounded. Among the killed on the insurgent side were Amadora Guerra, Lieut. Raphael Borrea and Tamayo T Ferrero. In addition 60 of the insurgents' rank and file were killed.

THE ORANGE ATTACKED.

Anti-A. P. A.'s Created a Disturbance in Boston.

Boston, Mass., July 5.—The little red school house which caused so much trouble in yesterday's 4th of July parade presented a novel spectacle. It was a fac-simile of the regulation New England school house, surrounded by the stars and stripes. At the very end of the procession, which was without police protection, came a barouche drawn by four grey horses. In the carriage were O. C. Emerson, H. Roberts, Mrs. O. C. Emerson and Mrs. F. J. Campbell. The carriage was profusely decorated with American flags and Mrs. Campbell wore an orange dress. A crowd of anti-A. P. A.'s closed in and trouble commenced. Albert E. Andrews, of Everett, a private in the Roxbury Horse Guards, was standing on the sidewalk near by. He was in full uniform with a sabre at his side. Andrews had been in the escort of the mayor and had just returned to his father's house. The bright yellow plume of his helmet attracted the attention of the struggling ladies in the carriage, and "Help us, soldiers," one of them cried shrilly. Andrews rushed into the thick of the fight, and, drawing his sabre, waved the heavy blade above his head. The crowd fell back a second, then rushed upon the orange plume with a tremendous roar. Four men stood by Andrews, one brandishing two self-cocking revolvers. The conflict lasted for a considerable length of time, when the police finally succeeded in suppressing the disorder.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco

Sunday School Teacher (solemnly)—My boy, do you know where little boys go who fish on Sunday?

Johnnie (cheerfully)—Yes, sir, there's the best hole you ever saw down on the creek.

NEWS OF THE COAL CITY

After Considering the Letter of Manager Robins the Miners Accept.

John Kelly Fell From the Upper Bridge of the Joan and was Drowned.

Nanaimo, July 5.—A mass meeting of miners employed by the New Vancouver Coal Company took place in the Co-operative hall yesterday morning.

On the subject of the wages scale a letter from Manager Robins was submitted. It set forth that since December last the condition of the coal trade had been growing worse instead of better. Its present state could not be more gloomy. The company had a hard struggle to keep its head above water. The principal cause of this state of affairs was the large shipments of coal from England, Wales and Australia. Under the circumstances the company had been hard pressed to maintain its present restricted output. He, therefore, asked for a continuance of the agreement for a further period of six months, promising, in the event of any change for the better, to confer with the committee again.

Without comment it was moved and seconded that a secret ballot be taken for or against this proposition. The motion carried, but before balloting was proceeded with there was some discussion with regard to the coal market and prices obtained for the Nanaimo product in San Francisco. Several speakers expressed the opinion that it was impossible for them to obtain anything like definite information as to the real selling price of coal in San Francisco. Another speaker wanted to know why No. 5 shaft could not be worked more regularly, but he was ruled out of order. The ballots were then counted, with the following result: For, 104; against, 77. Work will therefore be done on the old scale for another six months.

The return trip of the Joan was marred at an early hour this morning by the drowning of John Kelly. Kelly was standing on the upper bridge alone and was observed by the second engineer to fall over the rail head first, and in his descent he struck the rail on the lower bridge, and then fell into the deep waters of the gulf. Every effort was made to recover the body, but it never again rose to the surface.

INDIAN UPRISING THREATENED.

The Blackfeet Indians About to Take the Warpath.

Toronto, July 5.—The Globe to-day publishes a sensational story about a threatened uprising of Blackfeet Indians which may result in a massacre of all the whites on the reserve. Miss Turner, who was until a week ago an assistant at the Church of England Mission and children's home at the Blackfeet reserve, near Gleichen, N. W. T., has returned on account of the closing of the mission out of trouble with the Indians. Mrs. Gallick, similarly connected, also returned. The story told by Miss Turner indicates a serious state of affairs among the Blackfeet Indians. The shooting of Mr. S. Kinner, ration distributor, by an Indian named Scraping Hide, reported in the press some time ago, seems to have been the beginning of the troubles. The Indians have commenced to take an unexplainable dislike to the Rev. Mr. Tims, which for no particular reason has led up to threats on his life. The result was that on June 27th the clergyman was forced to leave the ungrateful people among whom he had labored like a slave, with scarcely a slave's recompense, for twelve long years. The mission is now deserted.

AN ARMED FILIBUSTER

Leaves Port Limon Thoroughly Equipped With Arms and Ammunition.

Port Limon, July 5.—A German schooner which has been lying here for some days, and which is reported to be the property of Cubans, left here yesterday carrying 1200 Remington rifles, 300 Colts revolvers and about 500,000 cartridges. It has a crew of 27 men, all Cubans except three Americans and two Costa Ricans. The schooner is armed with five rapid-firing modern cannons. No attempt was made to delay her although her destination was well-known. Another vessel fitting out on the same mission will sail in a few days.

A PREACHER LYNCHED.

Shocking Barbarity Perpetrated Upon a Colored Clergyman.

Lake City, Fla., July 5.—At Hope Henry, a colored church five miles west of here, a party took Robert Bennet, a young colored preacher, from the pulpit, carried him a short distance off and lynched him. When the body was found by the roadside the brains were shot out, the throat cut and both ears cut off. A protracted meeting was in progress at the church and the preachers and congregation had all gone to sleep, waiting and watching with "sinners in a trance." Just before daybreak the party entered, roused Bennett in the pulpit and dragged him out over another preacher. His offence, it is said, was an assault upon a white woman in Bryan county recently.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET—Furnished House, with use of piano and bath. All kinds of fruit. Inquire at Cal. Wine Co., Broad st. jl5-3t

WANTED—Work, by dressmaker; town or country; day or week. Address E. B., 113 Chatham street. jl5-3t

TO FISHERMEN—Accommodation for one or two at Sashtlam, Cowichan River. Apply 28 Broad street. jl5-tf

WANTED—First-class horse-shoer, at once. Apply Brayshaw's Carriage Works, 17 Broughton street. jl5-1t.

WANTED—A first-class waitress wants a position. References if required. Apply "J. O.," Times office. jl5-2t

COMMISSIONER TUPPER TALKS

The Representatives of the Colonies Interview Secretary Chamberlain.

Wealth in Free Trade England—The Great Rush for the Chinese Loan.

London, July 4.—Mrs. Tasker, wife of Joseph Tasker, the young spiritualist who came into prominence before the public some time ago in connection with the suit which she brought against a well known jewelry firm of Bond street, alleging that he had been overcharged in his purchase of the famous Agra diamond at $75,000 as well as in the purchase of other valuable jewelry, is suing for divorce. Mrs. Tasker claims that her husband is living with an American, Mrs. Rhodes.

The Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, the new secretary of state for the colonies, received the representatives of the different colonies at the colonial office to-day. Replying to Sir Charles Tupper, the Canadian high commissioner, who was the spokesman of the party, Mr. Chamberlain said the colonies could rely upon his hearty co-operation to advance their interests and increase their influence. Continuing, Mr. Chamberlain remarked that he had long held strong opinions on the importance of drawing closer together the United Kingdom and the colonies, and he proposed to push the bills to provide for the representation of the colonies on the judicial committee in the privy council. Sir Charles Tupper referred at length to Mr. Chamberlain's services in the negotiation of the treaty at Washington in 1888 and the fact that although the senate had rejected the treaty, the modus vivendi based thereon had been in practical operation ever since and had been commended by President Harrison as removing the friction between England and America on the most delicate question of all, the fisheries.

The Earl of Pembroke has been appointed lord steward; the Earl of Lathom, lord chamberlin; the Earl of Onslow, under secretary for India; the Earl of Dudley, parliamentary secretary of the board of trade; Mr. H. T. Anstruther, M. P. for St. Andrew's district; Lord Stanley, M. P. for the west Houghton division of Lancashire, and Mr. W. Hayes Fisher, M. P. for Fulham, junior lords of the treasury.

At the Queen's special desire, the royal household will not be changed until after the state ball on July 15.

The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day is £30,000.

The Times financial article to-morrow will say that the Chinese loan of one million pounds was subscribed nearly twelve times.

By general consent all political parties in Venezuela are maintaining a strict truce. No man can be elected president who is weak on this question.

The war indemnity to be paid by China to Japan under the provisions of the Shimonaeki treaty amounts to 288,800,000 Mexican silver dollars.

According to advices received in Colon Peru has made ample apology for insulting the British vice-consul, William Fry, in September, when Fry was arrested and compelled to subscribe a forced loan. The Peruvian press confirms a report of French capitalists offering Peru a loan on conditions entirely beneficial to the Peruvian corporation.

Denmark intends to construct a naval port on the island of Bornholm. Several vessels attempting to pass through the Baltic-North Sea canal have been stranded and obliged to remain where they were all night. It will be absolutely necessary to carry out a thorough and extensive dredging process before the canal can be used for practical purposes.

In the Italian chamber of deputies to-day Signor Galli, under secretary of state, called Signor Marchallie a liar, and as a result there will be a sabre duel in the morning.

A correspondent in Rio Janeiro telegraphs that the Italian minister in that city is very angry at the difficulties he has encountered in the Brazilian foreign office in endeavoring to secure the payment to his government of an indemnity which it claims is due. The minister has intimated that unless a speedy settlement of the matter is made he will ask for his passports. The indemnity is claimed for torturing several Italian subjects during the trouble resulting from the revolution. Rio Janeiro continues in a disturbed state. Several newspaper offices are guarded by policemen, while mounted officers have been armed and patrol the principal streets in anticipation of a serious outbreak. Large bodies of armed troops await orders at the barracks.

Lowestoft, England, July 4.—The mayor of this town to-day presented the crew of the fishing boat Wildflower with Emperor William's gift, the gold medal subscribed for in America for the rescue by the Wildflower's crew of the survivors of the ill-fated steamship Elbe.

Keil, July 4.—Emperor William started for Stockholm to-day on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern.

Rome, July 4.—The Rev. J. A. Forrest is one among the three candidates who have been recommended to the Pope by the congregation of the propaganda for bishop of San Antonio, Tex. The name of the appointee will not be made known for some days yet.

Lagoss, British West Africa, July 4.—An epidemic of influenza is raging here.

The Times, commenting upon the largeness of the cabinet, says that Lord Salisbury, the Duke of Devonshire, Mr. Balfour, Mr. Goschen and Mr. Chamberlain will constitute an inner circle for taking the initiative in important questions of policy.

The Daily News, the Liberal organ, says that there is much heart-burning at the Carlton Club, the Conservative headquarters, at allowing so many Tories out of the ministry. Many disappointed Tories are asking whether Lord Salisbury or Mr. Chamberlain is at the head of the government.

COMING TO THE COAST.

Why Not From Lunenburg and Canso for Victoria.

Seattle, July 4.—There is a strong probability that a Gloucester fishing fleet of about forty-five vessels will leave the east in the spring for the North Pacific Coast to engage in the fishing business. A sea captain who is an old time Gloucester skipper says that he had the news from first hands that the Sayward fleet of boats would likely sail for the Coast at that time. There are 1200 fishing boats sailing out of Gloucester and the fish have grown so scare that it no longer pays. The Saywards as well as others have too much money in their vessels to lose, and, as they cannot get it out, they are looking for new grounds. One of the Saywards is in British Columbia now, and he was told by this member of the firm what they contemplated doing. They will give employment to 200 or 300 men. The fleet is made up of tip-top boats, and their appearance here will be a signal for many more to follow.

AMERICAN DISPATCHES.

Day's Doings in the Various States of the Republic.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 4.—Two shooting accidents occurred in the city to-day over the celebration. J. Kinster was fatally shot in the head at a club house this morning. About the same time in another section of the city Joseph Godfrey and Boyd Wylie were celebrating with a revolver which exploded while in the hands of Godfrey, the bullet entering Wylie's abdomen, producing a mortal wound.

San Francisco, July 4.—There will be no meeting of the Grand Council of the Young Ladies' Institute this year. When the council met at San Francisco last year it was decided that the question of holding a council in 1895 should be left at the discretion of the grand president and the board of directors. They decided that in view of the flourishing condition of the Institute and the satisfactory working of the constitution as amended at the last annual session, a grand council this year was not necessary, and that the expenses arising from the council could be more advantageously employed by having the grand president, Miss Wynne, visit the different councils in California, Oregon, Washington, and British Columbia. Accordingly Miss Wynne left for the north a few days ago, and the idea of holding a grand council in 1895 was abandoned.

Chicago, July 4.—A special to the Times-Herald from New York says: The Standard Oil Company has sold every dollar of its holdings in the Chicago trust. This information is based on official authority. It accounts for the recent sensational decline in Chicago gas. It is admitted that a transfer of a majority of the Standard's holdings was made by Norman B. Ream of the Chicago gas light and coke company, who is supposed to represent a syndicate of Chicago capitalists. Henry B. Payne, representing the Standard Oil Company, holds $14,000,000 of the $25,000,000 worth of Chicago gas shares. John D. Rockefeller, Senator Brice and other Standard Oil magnates had a conference on the receipt of the news that Governor Altgeld had vetoed some of the measures, which, had they become laws, would have materially benefited the trust. Mr. Rockefeller, it is said, expressed the conviction that it was no longer good policy for the Standard to invest in outside enterprise, on account of the growing hostility of the public to such enormous aggregations of capital.

New York, July 4.—Speaking at the Tammany Society's fourth of July celebration to-day, ex-Governor Campbell of Ohio referred to the attitude of England at the present day as regards the Monroe doctrine. "She seems," he said, "to be endeavoring to force us to aggressively reaffirm the Monroe doctrine or abandon it." He said it had become lately the fashion among a few to sneer at patriotism and call a patriotic man a jingo. The term now meant as a reproach would soon be a mark of respect and honor, and if a man who upholds the Monroe doctrine is a jingo, then is every man a jingo who loves his country, her institutions, her people and her flag. As the speaker finished the audience rose to its feet and cheered wildly. Referring to Governor Campbell's speech, ex-Governor Walker of Connecticut, who followed, said: "If the principle he enunciates is jingoism, then I'm a jingo and I don't believe I will go home alone. (Great applause.) Shoot the man on the spot with bullets or ballots who fails to raise our flag whenever it ought to be flying." A storm of applause followed the conclusion of Mr. Walker's speech.

A Delightful Trip.

Intending passengers should consider the advisability of making their journey to eastern points in Canada and the United States via the Great Northern Railway to Duluth and thence via the magnificent new passenger steamers Northwest and Northland of the Northern Steamship Company, which are now in commission and making semi-weekly trips between Duluth and Buffalo, calling at intermediate lake ports. By taking this route all dust and excessive heat are avoided and a charming trip through the most beautiful lake scenery is made in superb floating palaces on which no freight whatever is carried. For full particulars apply to H. Martin, 75 Government street, general agent of the Great Northern Railway.

—Galvanized wire chicken fencing at cut prices. Shore's hardware.

Articles

That maintain their high Standard of excellence, never deviating except for the better, are bound to be in the end appreciated.

That's why we sell so many of

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

THE FOURTH IN PARIS.

M. Hanotaux Grows Eloquent at the American Banquet.

Paris, July 4.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France issued to-day shows the following changes as compared with the previous account: Notes in circulation increase, 59,975,000 francs. Treasury accounts current increase, 58,400,000 francs. Gold in hand, December, 4,875,000 francs. Bills discounted, December, 47,150,000 francs. Silver in hand, December, 8,525,000 francs.

The principal event of the celebration of Independence Day here by the American colony was the dinner which the American chamber of commerce gave in celebration of the glorious fourth. The guests numbered about 350 and among them were M. Hanotaux, the French minister for foreign affairs; M. de Belleville, M. Bartholdi, the presidents of the French, Italian and Belgian chambers of commerce, and Mr. S. E. Moore, the United States consul-general. The U. S. ambassador, Mr. James P. Eustis, presided, and Mr. Stephen H. Tyng, president of the American chamber of commerce, delivered the introductory speech. M. Hanotaux responded with proposing the health of the president of France, M. Faure. In so doing he paid a glowing tribute to the United States which, he said, within a century had acquired the first rank among the nations of the globe. Consul-General Morse then proposed the health of President Cleveland, a proposition which was received with three hearty cheers and a "tiger."

London, July 5.—The Paris correspondent of the Times dilates this morning upon the importance of the presence of M. Hanotaux at the American banquet. In the course of an interesting speech he said that the ideal of the founders of the United States of America had been realized as far as human dreams were realizable. They had both given a great example of democratic liberty and introduced into the world a powerful element of concord and pacification; for such is really the character and result of the work undertaken by those strong and simple men who made themselves free in order to become more active and who in so short a time tore the vast America from the useless sleep of barbarism. "To-day," the speaker went on, "after a century of laborious existence your nation walks full of eager light-heartedness in the front rank of civilized nations, employing its admirable and practical sense and legitimate authority among the nations in works of peace and progress. This old France is glorified in having guessed the future of your fatherland while bending over your cradle."

Here followed an eloquent reminiscence of the meeting of Franklin and Vergennes and a charming anecdote of how at the first meeting they did not exchange a word but freely offered each other snuff, bowed and retired, each waiting for the other to speak.

Purified Blood

Saved an operation in the following case. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures when all others fail. It makes pure blood.

"A year ago my father, William Thompson, was taken suddenly ill with inflammation of the bladder. He suffered a great deal and was very low for some time. At last the doctor said he would not get well unless an operation was performed. At this time we read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to try it. Before he used half a bottle his appetite had come back to him, whereas before he could eat but little. When he had taken three bottles of the medicine he was as well as ever." FRANCIS J. THOMPSON, Peninsula Lake, Ontario. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25c.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Not Likely That the Reduction in Salaries Bill Will Become Law.

St. Johns, Nfld., July 4.—The legislature prorogued this afternoon. Governor O'Brien assented to all bills passed except the bill providing for the reduction of the salaries of public officials because it reduced the salary of the governor from $12,000 to $7000, and reduces the salaries of the judges of the supreme court $1000 each. This action has been expected for several days. The governor reserves it for the royal assent. Full salaries will be continued to everybody if the bill is not assented to and this will interfere with the loan project recently arranged by Colonial Secretary Bond. The Whiteawyites had a stirring party meeting yesterday and agreed to full sessional pay for all members at a total expenditure of $34,000 against $31,000 for two sessions held last year.

THE STRUGGLE IN CUBA.

Spanish Troops Fall Victims to Yellow Fever.

Washington, July 4.—Official information received here states that the reason for the detention by the United States authorities at Key West of a small cutter, is that she is charged with filibustering. The five men on board have been held on suspicion of being Cuban filibusters.

Philadelphia, July 4.—Bernardo J. Bueno, a member of the banking firm of J. Bueno & Co., of Santiago de Cuba, and a captain of the Cuban army, who has just arrived in this city, in speaking of the Cuban revolution said the hospitals are filled with Spanish soldiers suffering from yellow fever.

"We have more men than we need for fighting purposes," continued Senor Bueno. "The Cubans all over the island sympathize with the revolutionists. In the last war the Spanish troops used to chase us round from place to place; now it is the reverse; we have to look for them, for they are not inclined to show much fighting.

"The Spanish troops are already somewhat demoralized. In the province of Santiago alone there are about 1,200 revolutionists. It is not men, but arms and ammunition, that are needed.

"While it is undoubtedly true that Jose Marti is dead, the report circulated by the Spanish officials that Gen. Maximo Gomez has been wounded is utterly false."

THE RIPENING OF WINE.

How the Product of the Grape is Treated in Switzerland.

The wine of Switzerland is left in the casks till the following spring, and it is here that fermentation takes place, and the mout is converted into wine. The change begins almost immediately; the liquid becomes turbid, carbonic acid gas is evolved, a scum is thrown up on the surface, and the temperature rises. As climax is reached, the intensity of the fermentation diminishes, subsides; the scum settles as a slimy deposit at the bottom of the cask, and a clear yellow liquid is left above. The grape sugar has almost entirely disappeared, a corresponding amount of alcohol has taken its place and the sweet taste of the mout has given place to the characteristic vinous flavor of the wine.

In the early stages of fermentation enormous quantities of carbonic acid gas are given off, and huge fires are made in the cellars to drive it away. But at the time I write of (October, 1885), when the vintage was the finest of the century, when barrels to hold the mout could not be purchased for love or money, when every cellar on the lake from Geneva to Villeneuve, was packed with casks of mout, so great was the amount of carbonic acid gas in the air that, in spite of every precaution, several deaths from suffocation took place among the workers. In the spring the wine is drawn off into other barrels, then bottled; vin ordinaire is not bottled at all, but simply drawn from the wood. This is the wine sold at all the little wine shops with which Switzerland abounds. It is drawn off into dainty little glass decanters containing half a litre each, and so served to the unhurrying Swiss, who drink it round little tables under the trees on the sunny pathways, or over woolen benches inside the red-curtained wine shops.—The Cornhill Magazine.

—If you want a nice stock of preserves for the winter, take advantage of the fruit season and put up your fruit in the jars the Weiler Bros. sell.

AMUSEMENTS.

A. O. U. W. HALL,
YATES STREET.
ONE NIGHT OF MELODY.
FRIDAY, JULY 5TH.
The World-famed Norwegian Violinist,
AUGUST AAMOLD,
assisted by Miss Etta Beamer, a beautiful soprano, and his own accompanist, in one
Grand Concert
Consisting of Vocal and Instrumental Selections from the world's best known composers and writers.
Seats now on sale at Jamieson's. Prices, reserved seats 75 cents, general admission 50 cents.
July 2, 1895.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
No. 90 Johnson street, VICTORIA, B.C.

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
TERMS REASONABLE.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER
Will sell by auction, at the Naval Yard, Esquimalt, on
TUESDAY, 9TH JULY, 1895,
At 11 o'clock, a.m., precisely,
OLD NAVAL, VICTUALLING AND MEDICAL, ETC., STORES,
Comprising old iron and steel, chain cable, rope, lamps, tools, canvas, hose, bunting, china and glass, linen, biscuit, flour, clothing material, wooden casks, staves, cases, etc., etc.
The lots may be viewed the day prior to and morning of sale, and catalogues had in due time at the Naval Yard and at the auctioneer's, Victoria, B. C.
Purchasers must pay customs duties.
Terms cash.
JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION
CARRIAGES, HORSES and HARNESS.
Saturday, July 6th, at 11 a.m.
MORTGAGEE'S SALE
I have been instructed by the mortgagee to sell at the stables next door to Grimm's Carriage Factory, on Johnson street,
3 London Carriages.
1 Open Wagonette.
7 Horses broken to double or single harness.
4 Double sets of Harness.
The above are well worth the attention of intending purchasers. No reserve.
jl3 G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

RURAL HOUSE,
Saanichton Station, V. & S. Railway.
This beautiful and healthy resort is now re-opened under the management of J. J. Gray. The accommodation this hotel affords is equal to any. Persons desiring a few days of quiet rest will find this a most charming retreat. Wines are of the best only.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT
THE ADELPHI CAFE
SHORT ORDERS OUR SPECIALTY
Cor. Yates and Government Sts.

THE MANOR HOUSE,
VANCOUVER, B. C.
Under the management of F. F. EMERSON, is recommended to the residents of Victoria for its general excellence, moderate prices and central location. The rooms are large and well furnished; the attendance prompt and civil.
THE MANOR HOUSE combines the comforts and quiet of home with every advantage of a first-class hotel.
Only a short walk from the C.P.R. Depot.
jy11 1m

ICE
Tel. 48. B. C. Cold Storage & Ice Co.

LOOK FOR THE STAR ON THE GENUINE

M M TEA

Also the Name of.....

M. J. BRANDENSTEIN & CO.

WHO ARE SOLE OWNERS OF THIS POPULAR BRAND

Don't be deceived ...BY... worthless imitations

SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES IN 5 OR 10 POUND BOXES.

THIS IS IT

LATE SOUTH SEA ADVICES.

Affairs in the Hawaiian Islands—The Trouble in Samoa.

Honolulu, June 27.—Per Steamer Alameda to San Francisco, July 4.—The senate held an executive session yesterday, in which the report of the special committee on the confirmation of W. R. Castle, as minister to Washington City, was considered. The executive session lasted about an hour, and when the doors were opened it was announced that Mr. Castle's appointment had been confirmed.

Mr. Castle will leave for Washington City about August 1. It is understood that he is appointed temporarily, and that F. M. Hatch, now minister of foreign affairs, will ultimately represent this city at Washington City.

President Dole has announced his selections for the council of state. They are: John Emmeluth, Henry Smith, J. P. Mendonce, Charles M. Cooke, T. B. Murray. The latter is president of the American league, an organization that caused no little worry to the government in the past. The council of state is composed of fifteen members; it has power to legislate on extraordinary occasions, such as war or pestilence.

L. A. Thurston, late Hawaiian minister at Washington City, has opened a law office, and will devote his time to professional practice.

The American ship Tillie E. Starbuck, Captain Curtis, departed for New York on the 29th inst. with a cargo of dark sugar valued at $167,265.

Samoa, June 19.—Per steamer Alameda to San Francisco, July 3.—The situation between the two parties here has reached a stage which may be described as critical. The rebel party last week held a meeting attended by several thousands. Although the rebels expressed a desire for peace, they made the principal condition of peace the deposition of King Malietoa. Their meeting was held under the guidance of H. J. Moors. There is a strong feeling against him for his action in the matter, and it is expected that he will be called to account for it. A meeting was held on the German warship Bussard yesterday, when six of the rebel chiefs, a like number of the government party, and the three consuls attended. Nothing has so far transpired as to what was done. It will be impossible for the consuls to arrange a peace having for its basis the downfall of Malietoa. It is generally thought that ere long blood will be shed. No feeling of unity prevails amongst the foreign officials, in fact relations are very much strained amongst them.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

RED TAPE AND RAT TRAPS

Amusing Instance of How Regulations in the Service Are Literally Obeyed.

Within a thousand miles of one of our great Indian cities is a store in which a large quantity of military clothing is kept pending emergencies; and to keep down the rats there is a cat, for which a small subsistence allowance is drawn monthly. Retrenchment, however, is the order of the day, and the officer in charge was directed to indent "Traps—Rat wire, galvanized iron, Mark I" in the proportion of one to every one hundred suits of clothing. In the next "changes in war material" an elaborate picture and description of the above "trap" appeared, and the cat was declared obsolete and was ordered to be handed over to the commissariat department to be sold. The number of "traps" according to the above proportions were found to be 19.3, and accordingly 20 "traps" were demanded. The indents came back with one "trap" disallowed, but by way of consolation it was stated that "fractions of a trap exceeding .5 would be considered as a whole trap." Thereupon the officer in charge of the clothing store pointed out "that the odd 33 suits of clothing would be left to the mercy of the rats," but without avail. The 19 "traps" duly arrived, and a return Army Form X1063 was ordered to be submitted monthly. This return was arranged in "birdcage" form and was a masterpiece of its kind, showing at a glance the "amount of clothing in store," "the cubic measurement of each room," "the number of traps on charge," "and the number of rats caught each day." The rats were to be further classified as regards color and size, and arranged in parallel columns.

"Mice" were to be entered in the "column for remarks." The percentage of rats caught, and suits of clothing, and of rats to traps, were to be marginally noted—mice were to be included in the latter but not in the former. The officer in charge of the store acknowledged the receipt of the traps, and requested instructions as to how they were to be set. The reply came "That the matter had been under consideration and instructions would shortly be published." The first monthly return showed several suits of clothing destroyed by rats. The authorities gave evidence of the energy they had always displayed on an emergency, and a very complete pamphlet was issued within a month. The second return was like the first, "Were the instructions regarding the setting of the traps strictly adhered to?" "Yes, the clothing destroyed doubtless was part of that for which traps were disallowed," was the triumphant retort. Another trap was allowed, but "it was in contemplation to make a corresponding increase to the clothing in store of 6.7 suits."

The third return showed "rats caught nil," and more clothing destroyed. A "Mark I. C. Trap" was introduced, which differed from Mark I in that the wire was not galvanized, and the iron was obtained from Germany. No rats were caught, and the destruction of clothing continued. "None but men of superior intelligence were permitted to touch the traps, and a warrant officer, P. S. T. (passed school of trap-setting) was to be struck off for duty, and detailed to instruct them; and a return, Army Form T. S. 10,543, was to be submitted monthly, showing the number of men instructed. The worthy who was selected for this important post elaborated a drill in accordance with "the spirit of the instruction," which after various extensive motions to develop the trap-setting muscles, commencing with "take up traps," ending with "ease springs." Badges in gold and worsted of crossed rats' tails were authorized for men who attained a certain degree of proficiency, 2 min., or ten rats a minute.

Still no rats were caught, and the destruction of clothing continued. The return showing the number of men instructed was to be submitted in duplicate once a week. No improvement. The authorities were compelled to admit that the traps had not answered their expectations, and that there appeared to be no fault either in the traps themselves or the setting, and enquired incidentally which "bait" was used. The officer in charge of the clothing store pointed out that no allowance was made for "bait" in the regulations, and that he could not be expected to provide it out of his own pocket. The rats are still enjoying themselves on the clothing.—Calcutta Englishman.

SWIFT MACHINERY AND LABOR.

Manufacturers and Workingmen Under Changing Conditions.

We know a manufacturer, employing 700 operatives, who is busy with experiments to determine the productive unit of a working day in the hope of being able ti diminish the number of the hours of labor in that day. His idea is to ascertain what constitutes a fair day's product, and then to help his employees to fewer hours of labor by requiring from them only that product, turned out as it may be in fewer hours than at present. If nine hours of fresher and more buoyant labor will turn out the same product as ten hours of more jaded labor, he can afford to pay and is disposed to pay the same wages for the former as for the latter. His operatives, he believes, by reason of this incentive of more leisure for recreation, will do swifter and better work while they are employed, and the shorter working day will be a boon to them, while it will inflict no loss upon him, says the Boston Transcript.

In the furtherance of such experiments as this, the improvements which have been made in machinery count as an important factor. These improvements to a large extent have taken the direction of increased speed. The American Wool and Cotton Reporter furnishes striking corroborative evidence on this point. In some print cloth mills spindles are run at a speed of from ten thousand to twelve thousand revolutions a minute, which is double the rate of thirty years ago. Broad looms which 25 years ago would run 70 picks per minute on woolens and worsteds are now run at 100 to 110 picks. The improvements in spinning machines have resulted in better yarn, and this enables the looms to do more rapid and better work. Cotton looms making print cloths are run up to 210 picks a minute, as against a rate of 100 picks a minute thirty years ago. The most remarkable performance was that of a loom at the World's Fair at Chicago, running at the rate of 280 picks a minute on ginghams. There have been similar gains in carpet making machinery and in all departments of manufacture.

It is true, doubtless, that the swifter machinery is more exacting in its demands upon the workman. But it results in a very considerable increase in the product which he is able to turn out. A part of the advantage of this increase very properly goes to the manufacturer, as a return upon the increased cost of his plant. A part of it inures to the public in the form of lower prices. But a part belongs to the operative, and may properly be realized by him in the form of fewer hours of labor or better wages. To a certain extent these gains are already his, and they will be his to a larger degree as such experiments as that of the manufacturer to whom we referred at the beginning take shape in a new schedule adjusted to the new conditions.

—"One of my sick headaches," you will hear people frequently say, as if the complaint was hopelessly incurable. As a mater of fact, Ayer's Pills not only relieve the sick headache but effectually remove the cause of this distressing complaint, and so bring about a permanent cure.

PRODUCING FOOD STUFFS.

The Active Principle of Coffee Made in the Chemist's Laboratory.

Another step in the chemical production of food stuffs has been taken, in the synthesis of caffein, the active principle of coffee, by purely chemical means. This important result is thus described by The National Druggist, June: "Slowly but surely Science is wresting from Nature the secrets of her laboratory. With infinite patience, resourcefulness, and ingenuity, the chemist is working his way into the very penetralia, gaining here a point and there a point of advantage, each bringing him nearer the long-sought goal. It is now a matter of but very few years when he will be able to construct from elementary substances any and all of the complex organic bodies, the alkaloids, the glucosids, etc., exactly as they occur in nature.

"The latest important triumph in this direction is the synthesis of caffein, recently effected by E. Fisher and L. Ach, and reported to the Akademische Berichte; and while the achievement has, at present, no practical or commercial value, it is of the highest scientific importance. The process requires a series of chemical operations which bring the cost of the artificial product to considerably more than that of the natural; but we must remember that this was the case in other similar achievements that have since become the basis of great commercial enterprises. If we reflect that coffee, tea, guarana, kola, etc., substances used by man in enormous quantities, owe not merely their taste but their physiological action, their restorative properties, to caffein, we may form an idea of the magnitude of the field that lies open to the artificial production of that substance as soon as the simplification of processes enables us to make it at a reasonable price. That this simplification will quickly occur is almost certain."

Clearence Sale of Furniture, Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains.

A GIRL'S BRAVERY.

Rescued Three Persons From Drowning on Southampton Water.

Few more gallant feats have ever been performed by women than that of Miss Evans, the daughter of Dr. Evans, of Hythe, on Southampton Water. Walking on a pier with a friend, she heard the cry of three persons whose boat had been capsized near the pier. Running down the steps, she sprang into the water and soon brought the one nearest, a woman, safely to the steps. Then she swam off again to the others, a man and a girl. Waiting her opportunity, she managed to seize them both, and supported them until a rope was thrown to her, and she was then able to get the man to the pier. The girl was going down for the third time, when Miss Evans dived, brought her up to the surface, and took her also to the pier, thus saving three lives. It is difficult to know which is the more remarkable—the courage displayed, or the skill with which, hampered by her clothes, she succeeded in avoiding the drowning grip that is so often fatal to those who attempt rescues, and so brought the three persons, one after another, in safety to the pier. It is a feat of which the best male swimmer, unhampered by garments, would have every right to feel great proud, and, executed as it was by a young lady, was almost, if not quite, without precedent in the annals of deeds requiring presence of mind, skill and courage. It is indeed extraordinary that a swimmer, however strong, should be able to support at once two drowning persons and to avoid being caught in the grip of one or the other of them. Never was the Royal Humane Society's medal better deserved, and there can be little doubt that the act will receive the highest mark of distinction at the society's disposal.—London Standard.

—Trout flies, rods, etc., at Fox's.

The Tightest Packing

...won't crease or wrinkle any garment lined with...

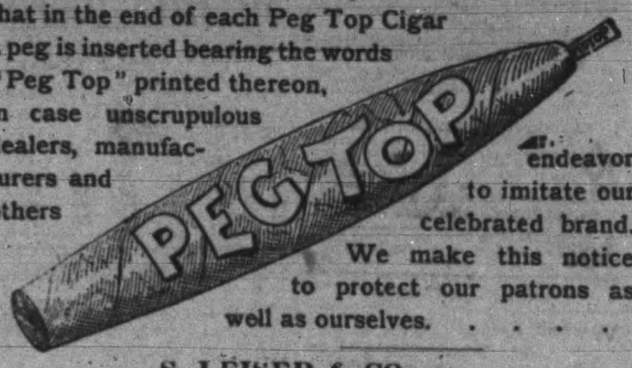
Fibre Chamois

A light shake restores the sleeves and skirts to their original shape and beauty and the stiffness outlasts everything.

Be sure and find the name on every yard as imitations are plentiful and prove miserable failures.

Warning to the Public.

We earnestly request the public to see that in the end of each Peg Top Cigar a peg is inserted bearing the words "Peg Top" printed thereon, in case unscrupulous dealers, manufacturers and others endeavor to imitate our celebrated brand. We make this notice to protect our patrons as well as ourselves. . . . .



S. LEISER & CO.,
Sole Agents for British Columbia.

The Mistress—So you are really going to be married?

Janey (blushing)—Yes, mum.

The Mistress (impressively)—I do hope you will wed one of your own station, and not below it.

The Maid (impressively)—Indade, yis, mum. Me and Dinnis lived chose by the Cross Roads, and always tuk the same train at the same station. There's no station below. That's the end of the railroad.

TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders

Are invited by the undersigned for the purchase of the furniture, fixtures, lease, stock in trade, license, good will, etc., of the Telegraph Hotel, situated on Store street, Victoria, B.C. Furniture, etc., is nearly new and in first-class condition. The hotel is in good locality for business and presents a good opportunity to anyone desiring to get an hotel. Lease can be arranged. Rent reasonable. Tenders to be in before 3 p.m. of July 5th, 1895, at the office of Yates & Jay, Bastion street.

Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further particulars apply to

GEO. JAY, jr.,
Victoria, B. C.

Victoria, B.C., June 22, 1895. jy2-tf

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under instructions from the mortgagee tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Saturday the 13th day of July, 1895, for the purchase of lot one (1), part of section 5, Lake district, as per map deposited in the land registry office at Victoria, No. 411.

This property comprises 5 acres with dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings.

The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1895.

YATES & JAY,
22 Bastion street, Victoria, solicitors for the mortgagee. jy28-jy13.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under power of sale contained in a mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, in Charge Book, Vol. II, fol. 451, No. 13,558 B, the undersigned offers for sale by tender Lot No. 10, being part of subdivision lot No. 34, section 74, Victoria City, and more particularly described in a map or plan deposited in the registry office, Victoria, under the number 397. Tenders will be received up to July 8th next at noon.

DALBY & CLAXTON,
64 Yates street, Victoria, B. C., agents for the mortgagees. jy20-10t.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 5 o'clock p.m. of Tuesday, the Ninth day of July, 1895, for the purchase of the Westerly 100 acres of Lot 81, District of Alberni, B.C.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

H. G. HALL,
Solicitor for the Mortgagee, P.O. Box 172, Victoria, B.C.

Dated 20th June, 1895. 120-3t.

The Preserving Season

.....HAS COMMENCED, AND

WEILER BROS.

Are prepared to supply you with all the FRUIT JARS you need (all sizes.)

Enamelled Pots

Are the best to prepare your fruit in. They are the cleanest and are highly recommended by the principal Schools of Cookery.

YOU WILL REQUIRE OTHER UTENSILS. WE HAVE THEM.

WEILER BROS.

Pick-Nics

Are the order of the day, and

A. Barker's,

122 YATES STREET, . .
Is the place to get your

Lunch Baskets and Camping Outfits Cheap,

And the only place in the city where you can get a smokeless frying pan; call and see them; something new.

NOW OPEN

At No. 60 Government St.

WITH SPECIAL CONSIGNMENTS OF.....

Fresh, Clean Provisions AND Fruits.

SPECIAL CONSIGNMENTS OF

Hams and Bacon, Butter and Eggs, all kinds of Fruit.

All of which we can sell at very reasonable prices for cash.

BLAKIE & McKINNON,
Produce and Commission Merchants.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from noon to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WEIR-MITCHELL SYSTEM.
MRS. FORTESCUE,
Certified Masseuse.
For terms, etc., apply P.O., Victoria; or "The Bungalow," Esquimalt road.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 126

JEWELERS, ETC.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.

S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale. Highest prices paid for household furniture.
Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria

SOLID SILVER WALTHAM WATCHES, $3.50.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street
VICTORIA, B. C.

FOR SALE

TO BE SOLD CHEAP—A small Oil Cooking Stove, suitable for a yacht or camping outfit. Address T. H., Times office. jl4-3t

FOR SALE—A Caligraph typewriter, No. 4; in first-class working order. Terms, $60, cash. Apply "W," Postoffice drawer 10, City. jl4-2t

TRY MARSHALL'S Home-Made Bread. Delivered fresh daily. Full weight, 59 Broad St.

WANTS.

WANTED—At Shore's Hardware, 57 Johnson street, cash customers for Garden Tools, Paints, etc. Cheap, cheap for cash.

WANTED HELP—Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write The World Med. Electric Co., P.O. Box 221, London, Ont., Canada. je17-3m-d&w

Perhaps

Your teeth are Decayed. If so get them attended to at once. Consult a reliable dentist.

CALL ON....
A. A. HUMBER, D.D.S.,
93½ Douglas Street.
The Best Work. Reasonable Rates.

—Ice cream freezers at prices to suit everybody. Shore's hardware. *

LOST OR FOUND.

STRAYED—From 149 Menzies street, on the 10th inst., a red Durham Cow. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to C. A. Goffin, at above address. jel1-tf

LOST—A watch, gold case, open face, engraved rim and plain back. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Times office.

TO LET.

TO LET.—Pretty cottage, five rooms and bath. Apply to Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. may27-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

SEASIDE HOME for the summer—Fifteen minutes from tram; children would have mother's care; terms low. P., Times office. july3-3t.

FINE AMERICAN HAMS and bacon, gilt edge butter and supplies for picnics. Co-operative Grocery, 19 and 20 City Market. je28-2tw

MONEY TO LOAN—On Victoria real estate by the Dominion Building and Loan Association, repayable by easy monthly payments. Stock in the above association for sale, a good investment. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

JULY.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

THE PENITENTIARY CHANGES.

The pressure of public opinion has at length forced the Dominion government into an acknowledgment of its error in reappointing James Fitzsimmons as deputy warden of the New Westminster penitentiary. The circumstances indicate that this acknowledgment would not have been forthcoming if the day of the general election had not been approaching. Reluctantly and unwillingly the change has been made and Fitzsimmons is to be transferred to a similar position in the east. People will naturally inquire how the man is fit to occupy such an office elsewhere when he is not fit to occupy it at Westminster, but as naturally the local interest in his case will largely die out with his removal. One thing is clear, the tardy reversal of its action does not clear away the disgrace which attaches to the government's conduct or remove the impression that the government in the management of public institutions is apt to be influenced by other considerations than the public interest. We cannot pretend to fathom the mystery surrounding the Fitzsimmons appointment or specify the nature of the "pull" which this fortunate individual is able to exercise, but there can be no shadow of doubt that he was reinstated from other than worthy motives. The public may well ask what security can there be against the occurrence of such outrages so long as the present government remains in power. The appointment of Mr. Moresby as warden of the penitentiary is an eminently good one. Mr. Moresby has shown himself a capable and highly efficient officer in the provincial service, and there is no reason to suppose that he will appear otherwise in his new position.

A NOVA SCOTIA JOB.

Some time ago a company called the South Shore Railway company was incorporated to build a railway through the counties of Yarmouth and Shelburne in Nova Scotia. For some reason the enterprise fell through and the company became bankrupt, forfeiting its franchises. Then another company, called the Coast line, was incorporated by the Nova Scotia legislature to build a railway over practically the same route. It was subsidized by the legislature, and has been actively at work, a considerable portion of the line being already constructed. At this juncture the old South Shore company suddenly revives and proceeds to renew its operations. There came trouble over the right of way expropriations, for land owners naturally objected to giving up land to two roads closely paralleling each other. An action was brought in the Nova Scotia supreme court to test the validity of the South Shore Company's charter, which is alleged to have lapsed, and that action is now pending. Under these circumstances the South Shore company applied to the Dominion parliament for a charter and a renewal of the Dominion subsidy of $200,000. The Coast Line road is being built without a cent of Dominion money, and will serve precisely the same people as would the South Shore road if built. If honest methods prevailed at Ottawa the application of this company would be promptly refused, for the reason that it involves needless cost to the country and also damage to a bona fide enterprise. But honesty is the last thing thought of by the government and its supporters, so they are doing their best to force the South Shore charter through and secure this nice little pet of $200,000 for their Nova Scotia friends from the Dominion treasury. In the railway committee and in the house the ministerialists have used every device to ensure the success of this unsavory job. British Columbians will remember that when application was made for subsidies badly needed in the public interest in this province the answer came that no money was available for railway subsidies this year. What do they think of this persistent determination of the government to throw away $200,000 on this Nova Scotia scheme? If the South Shore road is built it will closely parallel the Coast Line, and plainly the expenditure will be worse than useless. There is nothing but "boodle" at the bottom of this transaction, and the people of this province should make careful note of the affair.

AGAINST SUBSIDY "MILKING."

Parliament is adding a new clause to the criminal code, intended to curtail the evil of election "boodling." It is a clause taken from Mr. Edgar's bill making it a criminal act for any officer of a railway company subsidized by this parliament, or any contractor for the road or any portion of it to subscribe or promise any sum for the election of a candidate to the House of Commons. The clause, which is a very important one, aimed as it is at an abuse of long standing, reads as follows: "Section 128 is amended by inserting in sub-section one thereof, immediately after the paragraph lettered I, the following words:—Or J, being a president, vice-president, secretary or any officer or contractor of any railway company to which any subsidy, advance, loan or bonus of public money has been granted or made by the government or by parliament or by a provincial legislature, and while any part of such subsidy, advance, loan or bonus is a subsisting claim against the government, either directly or indirectly, by himself or any person in his behalf, subscribes, furnishes or gives, or promises to subscribe, furnish or give any money or any other valuable consideration, for the purpose of promoting the election of any candidate, or of any number, class or party of candidates, to a legislature or to parliament, or with the intent of in any way influencing or affecting the results of a provincial or Dominion election." An exception is made in the case of any such officer being a candidate; he is then at liberty to pay his legitimate and lawful expenses. At a previous session the code was amended, on Mr. Laurier's suggestion, so as to prohibit public contractors from subscribing to campaign funds. If these sections of the code had been in force long ago they might have prevented the offences in which Langevin, McGreevy and Caron figured so prominently.

A DOG STORY.

The Canine Found His Way from America to His Old Home.

"H. C. N." sends the following gem to the Spectator: "A friend thinks I ought to add to the collection of dog stories appearing in the Spectator one which is within my own knowledge, and may appear deserving of publication. My uncle, a well known chairman of the bench of magistrates in a western county, had a tenant on his estates who occupied a farm not far from the river Severn. The farmer possessed a favorite dog, who slept at the foot of his bed every night. When a brother emigrated to Canada the farmer gave him the dog as a travelling companion. In the course of time the news arrived that the emigrant and his family, together with the dog, had safely reached their destination—a farm in the interior of Canada, some days' journey from the port where they landed. At a later date the brother in Canada wrote to his family in England saying that the dog had disappeared. Some time afterward the dog came back to the farm of his old master, about three miles from Gloucester, and although at first it could hardly be believed that he was returned from Canada, yet he soon established his identity by taking his old place at the foot of his master's bed at night. Enquiries were made, and the dog's course was traced backwards to the River Severn, thence to Bristol and thence to a port in Canada. It appeared that, after running from his home in Canada to the seaport, he selected there a vessel bound for Bristol and shipped on board. After arriving at Bristol basin he found out a local vessel trading up and down the River Severn (locally called a "trow") and transferred himself to her deck. When he reached the neighborhood of Gloucester the dog must have jumped into the Severn and reached the shore nearest to his home. I can vouch for the truth of this story, from information received from my relations on the spot shortly after the occurrence took place. I know the farm well, and the farmer who occupied it."—Exchange.

Jimmie—Auntie, what do they mean by sayin' "the boys are whooping it up fer Smith?"

Aunt Sarah—Haven't ye heerd 't candidates on both sides has bar'ls?

Mamma—What are you shaking the life out of that poor cat for?

Willie—I heard pa say the kittie had $20 in her last night. I was only trying to shake some of it out.

MONTREAL BAR SNUBBED.

Politics Mixed With Administration of Justice.

Montreal, June 30.—The bar of Montreal considers itself a pretty influential body, but that did not deter Solicitor-General Curran from administering a snub over some reforms suggested by the bar at a meeting on June 15. Among the resolutions was one calling on the government in the interests of the administration of justice to fill certain vacancies on the bench, and resolving that no nomination for judge for the Montreal district be made without consulting the bar of Montreal. The resolutions further contained these suggestive paragraphs: That if the bench of this province counts amongst its members many who are men of merit, knowledge and integrity, and who were deserving to be named to such a high position, there were some who were named solely on account of their political services, which alone recommended them. That such abuses which dishonor our tribunals, and make justice doubtful, would never have occurred if our government had been more careful of the interests of their constituents than of the interests of certain "coteries," and if they had consulted the bar. That if the bar was consulted, we would not notice on the occasion of a vacancy in a judgeship, the intervention of persons and institutions, who are little able to enlighten the government in regard to the choice of a successor, and we would not witness the pitiful sight of importunate solicitors organizing a "canvass," as dishonorable to those for whom they work as for the government which tolerates them, which encourages them, and which submits to them finally.

Solicitor-General Curran's reply has just been received by the bar, which, after the usual acknowledgement, says: "I have not the slightest doubt but what the suggestions from the bar will always be received with thanks by the department of justice here, in connection with any appointments. Under our system of government, however, the ministry of the day is responsible for all recommendations to his excellency, and whilst the opinion of the bar will always command great respect with the minister of justice, it is hardly likely that any government would delegate its authority in such matters, or ask the bar to assume its responsibilities."

On receipt of the above the bar passed the following resolution: "Resolved that the bar of Montreal expresses regret that the vacancy caused by the death of the late Chief Justice Johnson, on the Supreme court bench, which has existed for thirteen months, has not yet been filled, causing great damage to the administration of justice in the district, and notwithstanding a resolution of the bar in reference to this matter, and forwarded to the department of justice, answers of the department contain no indication of any immediate action."

RARE PIPES.

The Largest Briar Root Bowl Belongs to a New Yorker.

The most famous pipe in the world, owned by the Shah of Persia, is valued at more than $300,000. Its richly carved bowl is set with precious stones, and only on state occasions does its owner use it. No pipes in this country can be compared with this, but right in this city there are pipes and collections of pipes that are famous.

One of the rarest collections is owned by F. W. Jebelmann, of New York, who has in his possession some of the most artistic pipes ever made, says the New York Tribune. The pipe prized the highest of all is a richly carved brier, said to be the largest pipe in existence made from a single piece of brier root. The outside of the bowl, which is of a deep red color, is covered with delicate and beautiful carving, done by a master hand. In depth the bowl measures 7 inches, and its weight is 26 ounces. On its front are three cherubs playing musical instruments, while around them are delicately carved flowers and leaves. Where the bowl leaves the stem the petals in full bloom add to the beauty of the pipe.

For years this pipe was the pride of a Parisian manufacturer, M. Brachee, who made it himself. He was a skilful and well known carver in wood and stone. While in his possession a gold medal was awarded the pipe at the Paris exposition in 1878, and another at the Vienna exposition in 1883. Soon after this Brachee became poor through unfortunate speculation and ended his life by hanging himself to the rafters in his pipe factory. He had refused to sell the pipe during his life time, though often pressed with hunger, but after his death it was sold at auction and brought to America. Many pipes larger than this remarkable one have been made of several pieces of brier root, cleverly put together, but none so large as it have been turned out from a single root.

Another remarkable pipe in the collection, and one that has a strange history associated with it, is a meerschaum on which the carving represents Adam and Eve's temptation and fall in the garden of Eden. This has been loaned to Mr. Jebelmann by F. E. Jordan, a sea captain, who has twice carried it around the world, and once saved it from shipwreck off the Barbadoes. Since then Captain Jordan has been afraid to take it to sea with him. The figures carved on the pipe represent Adam and Eve at the foot of the tree of life, while behind Adam stands the archangel, intently watching him as he eats the forbidden fruit. Reclining with her luxuriant hair twined about her delicately moulded form, the first woman gazes fondly at her liege lord as he eats the apple and dooms all his descendants to a life of sin and sorrow. Captain Jordan always held the pipe in a napkin when he smoked it, fearing it might be dropped and broken. This pipe is considered by art connoisseurs to be one of the finest specimens of carved meerschaum ever made. A large meerschaum with carving on it representing a South American jaguar hunt, in which a hunter on horse back is being attacked by two fierce animals, and others the bowls of which represent heads of historic people, form an interesting part of the collection. One of these heads is that of Frederick Barbarossa, the renowned German emperor who fought so valiantly against the Turks in the third crusade. Other heads are those of Michael Strogoff, Garibaldi, El Mahdi, the sultan Haroun Al Raschid, famous in the Arabian Nights, and Gounod's conception of Mephistopheles.

In addition to owning the largest brier pipe in the country, Mr. Jebelmann has another carved brier, which he believes to be the longest. This has a stem 17½ inches long, which, from the bowl to the mouthpiece, is covered with vine leaves and clusters of fruit, carved in a most delicate manner. The bowl represents a basket of fruit. An amber cigar-holder, made of one piece 5½ inches long, is another unique article in this collection. This holder is said to be the largest one piece of amber in this country. The Prince of Wales owns one that is just a trifle smaller.—Exchange.

BULLETS THAT DON'T HURT.

A Swat Who Carried Six Lee-Metford Missiles.

Ottawa Citizen: There has been a prolonged discussion for some time past over the merits of the Lee-Metford magazine rifle and its modifications such as the Martini-Metford. The discussion has been caused by Major-General Herbert's recommendation that the Canadian militia should be provided with a superior arm, and the actual purchase of a number of converted Martini-Henry rifles. The latter have not been favorably received by Canadian militiamen, and a wish has been expressed—e. g. in Captain Winter's recent article in the Canadian Magazine—that the Lee-Metford should be adopted for use in this country.

The Lee-Metford is the arm used in the imperial service, and the advantages claimed for it are its long range, high muzzle velocity and the fact that the magazine contains ten cartridges with a cut-off attachment. But a letter published in the London Standard throws a doubt upon its effectiveness. The writer says:

"I have this day had a letter from my son in the Swat valley, who was engaged with his regiment in the fighting of 3rd April at the Malakand Pass, and of the 4th at Khar. He says he has just seen in one of our field hospitals a Swat who had been wounded at Khar and had no less than six bullets of the Lee-Metford rifle bullets in him. One passed through his ankle, one through his knee, three through his body on one side, and the sixth striking him on the back of the neck, had passed through the whole length of his tongue, coming out at its tip, and carrying away the two upper front teeth. In spite of these six bullet wounds, the man was too little the worse that he 'was getting on all right.' His knee was not sore in spit of having been peforated by a bullet, and he was able to walk about through one ankle hd also been peforated.

"Let any qualified officer, combatant the result or medical, say what would have been the result had this Smat been hit by bullets from a Martini or Snider. This immunity from disablement to an enemy means the greatest danger and loss to our own men when withstanding a charge or rush."

This is a serious impeachment to bring against the rifle in question. If well-founded it means an immense diminution of value for all European standard rifles, since the small-bore is now everywhere the order of the day.

—The smokeless frying-pan—the best thing out. Only at A. Barker's, 122 Yates street. *

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

...Preliminary...

Under instructions from a gentleman giving up housekeeping we will sell by

AUCTION
..ON..
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VALUABLE
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Particulars later.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
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THE TIMES FOR SALE
At the following places in the City:
Sampson's Bookstore,
Corner Douglas and Johnson streets.
Campbell's Cigar Store,
Corner Yates and Government sts.
P. O. Cigar Store,
Corner Courtney and Government sts.
Braund & Co.,
No. 62 Government street.
R. Jamieson,
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Bring their Prescriptions to us because they recognize our ability and carefulness.

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J. W. MELLOR, - 76, 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Two hundred excursionists returned from the Sound on the steamer Rosalie to-day.

—Letter carriers in uniform will hereafter be allowed to ride on street cars free of charge.

—A special meeting of the city council is to be held this evening to dispose of unfinished business.

—The Loyal Orange and True Blue lodges will attend service at First Presbyterian church, Sunday morning.

—The minister of the interior has set apart a portion of section 7, township 27, range 21 west, south of Wapta river in Golden, for a public park.

—The chief commissioner of lands and works has invited sealed proposals for the purchase and removal at once of two cottages on the government grounds facing on Birdcage Walk.

—The Atlas Canning Company, of Vancouver, has been incorporated with a capital of $25,000. The promoters are W. C. McKee, E. J. G. McDonald and G. W. and C. G. Hobson.

—The election in Oak Bay school district to select school trustees to fill the places of those illegally elected recently because a woman was among those chosen will take place on July 13.

—Edward C. Cargill, Robert Wood, Daniel Rabbitt and J. W. Highwood, of Armstrong B. C., have formed the Wood-Cargill company, a milling and general trading concern. The capital stock is $125,000.

—The lands and works department has invited tenders for the erection of a new school house for Oak Bay district. It will be a frame structure, will front on Fowl Bay road, and tenders must be in by Wednesday night.

—Ask your grocer for the new package of Paris Lumps the Refinery has just put on the market. The package is a 25 lb. box, and the lumps are all neatly arranged in rows and cut extra thin. Price very moderate.

—Messrs. G. A. and L. Kirk have recently acquired a considerable portion of the stock of the Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Co., Limited. Lawrence Kirk will succeed Messrs. Joshua Holland and George Glover as director.

—The rain yesterday interfered with the A. O. U. W. picnic at Shawnigan Lake and deterred many from going. It cleared up in the evening, however, and a couple of hours were pleasantly spent in dancing, a large platform having been erected for the purpose.

—Four new Spokane mining companies have been registered to carry on business in B. C. They are the Boundary Creek Mining Co., with a capital of $1,000,000; the Eureka Consolidated Mining Co., $500,000; the West Le Roi and Josie Consolidated Mining Co., $500,000; and the Robert E. Lee Co., $500,000.

—A citizens' concert will be given in aid of the Aberdeen committee fund on Monday evening, the 15th inst. A number of local singers have promised to take part and an excellent programme will be presented. It is to be hoped that the citizens will bear this in mind, as the committee in charge are making a strong effort to make it the musical event of the season.

—The Sacramento News says the following of Herr Aamold's visit to that city: "It is not often that the music-loving people of Sacramento have an opportunity of listening to such a festival of music as was accorded the large audience that assembled at the Congregational church last evening. Herr Aamold and his magnificent instrument appear to have a tacit understanding between each other that takes away all idea of a performance, and reveals the artist and his violin, the latter responding to the will of the master. It does not require a musician to recognize the high merits of Aamold's playing. He has all the intensity characteristic of his nationality and the great masters. It was a rare repast for music lovers, notwithstanding the fact that the world's musicians are being constantly attracted to California, who seldom fail to pay their respects to the capital city before leaving the coast." Herr Aamold will appear in the A. O. U. W. hall tonight.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—The time for putting in effect the act to give uniform conditions in fire insurance policies has been extended until Aug. 1.

—Catalogues for the naval sale on the 9th inst. can be had at the office of Joshua Davies, auctioneer, on Monday morning.

—John Haggerty asks the Times to deny the statement in which he is credited with saying that he was going to sue the mayor and council for defamation of character.

—The steamship Queen is scheduled to arrive back from Alaska on Monday, although she may reach here on Sunday night. The steamship City of Topeka will go north the same day.

—Sanitary Officer Conlin, assisted by the fire department, will to-morrow tear down and burn the shacks recently ordered destroyed by the city council. The work will take several hours.

—The Dominion government steamer Quadra has left for Prevost Island with officials of the marine and fisheries department, who will select a site for the new Prevost Island lighthouse.

—To-morrow evening, at Semple's hall, Victoria West, the sixth of the series of entertainments will be given by Victoria West lodge, No. 29, I. O. G. T. The programme will consist of songs, recitations, etc., and will conclude with the laughable farce, entitled "Turn His Out."

—A crying baby at a public meeting is like a good suggestion—it ought to be carried out. We wish to suggest this: The next thing to a man is his shirt, and the time to wear a summer shirt is now. Neglige shirts, all prices, 25 cents to $2, sizes, 14½ to 17½. Cameron, the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—"Jimmy" McFadden, who was at one time an inmate of the old men's home, is now star boarder at the food and shelter home. McFadden circulated a petition for reinstatement in the old men's home, but as the place is now full and "Jimmy" requires considerable room he was placed in charge of the Salvation Army.

—At the annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. held yesterday afternoon the yearly reports were presented. The organization was found to be in a very satisfactory condition, the various reports showing marked progress. The election of officers, which was to have taken place at yesterday's meeting, was postponed until next week, owing to a pressure of other business.

—Following is the list of passengers for Victoria per steamer Umatilla, which sailed from San Francisco this morning: Estra Drummers, F. H. Jones, Miss Florence Dunbers, Mrs. Shryer and two daughters, Miss Metcalf, J. Hood and wife, Miss Mollemous, Leon D. Bliss, Mrs. Bliss, W. D. R. Mead, R. H. Simpkins, S. W. Wible, H. P. Harris and wife and W. H. Murphy.

—A dispatch from Nakusp says the new steamer Nakusp was launched there on Wednesday. She was built by the Columbia and Kootenay Steam Navigation Company, to run on the Columbia between Northport, Wash., and Revelstoke, on the Canadian Pacific. The boat has three decks, is 171 ft. in length, of 300 tons burthen, and is said to be the finest stern-wheel steamer west of the Mississippi.

—Sewell Simms, the petty thief, got six months this morning for stealing a lot of tools from the carpenter shop of Arthur Parbury, 215 Government street. Magistrate Macrae could not have tried the case summarily had not the burglary charge been waived. The facts of the robbery and the selling of the tools by Simms were easily established and the case did not consume much time. The court in passing sentence of six months' imprisonment added hard labor. Simms has spent a good portion of his time in the last few years doing time for theft and other petty crimes.

—Should the city council decide not to re-appoint the sewerage commissioners there will be a question as to how Contractor Glover's claim against the city can be settled. Mr. Glover asked the commissioners to settle with him on the same basis as they did with Harrison & Walkely. This they decided to do and referred the claim to the city engineer to work out the amount. The engineer did this, but the sewerage commissioners having been done away with there was no one to report to. It is thought that the council have power to settle the claim if the commissioners are not re-appointed.

—The Victorians who went to Port Townsend yesterday were given a glorious time. The lacrosse boys were met at the boat by members of the reception committee and Townsend Athletic Association and escorted to the club rooms. After luncheon the boys were taken to the athletic grounds, where they gave a good exhibition of Canada's national game. The Port Townsendites were very much pleased with the match. Every attention was shown the players and they express themselves as delighted with the treatment they received. Messrs. Murray, Cusack, Miller and Tite won the relay race. In the evening those who remained attended the grand ball.

Hot weather proves distressing to those whose blood is poor. Such people should enrich their blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—The best assortment of pocket cutlery at Shore's hardware, 67 Johnson.

—The steamship City of Kingson did not arrive from the Sound until nine o'clock last night and it was an hour later before she got away. She will make up for lost time to-day.

—The first meeting of the new board of directors of the Jubilee Hospital will be held on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Officers for the ensuing year will be elected and other business transacted.

—The guests at Mount Baker hotel enjoyed a euchre party last evening. The game lasted from 9 till 11, at which hour light refreshments were served. The evening closed with music and dancing.

—The local Orangemen will be strongly supported on the 12th by sympathizers from Port Angeles, which promises to send over 300 excursionists, mostly members of the A. P. A., to take part in the day's proceedings. Ex-Priest Daly, who is a speaker of repute, will be present and deliver an address.

—The Northern Pacific steamship Strathnevis, due from Yokohama, had not, up to 4 o'clock, been reported by any of the coast light stations. The ship left Yokohama on June 18 and has very likely been delayed by heavy weather. There is considerable interest in shipping circles in the vessel, as it is her first trip on the route.

—Miss Morrison, a young lady engaged at McCulloch's candy store as sales lady, had one of her feet badly crushed a day or so ago by the fall of a heavy marble slab used in the manufacture of candy. She was removed to her home on Birdcage Walk, where Dr. Frank Hall dressed the injured member. The young lady was doing very well to-day and it will not be long before she is again able to be about.

—The statement that William Dean had been elected school trustee in Gordon Head district was erroneous, as Isaac Somers was really declared elected and is recognized by the board. The vote stood Dean 9 and Somers 9, and the chairman, E. Wood, cast the deciding vote in favor of Somers. It is said that the defeated side will make a protest to the government, questioning the legality of the election. There was considerable feeling over the contest.

—The steamship Chittagong of the O. R. & N. Company's Oriental line sailed for Asiatic ports at 3 o'clock this afternoon. She carried away a very good cargo of freight, and the prospects of the new line look very encouraging. She had in all about 2200 tons of dead weight, made up largely of flour loaded at Portland and consigned to different Oriental points. The principal shipment made from Victoria was one of 45 tons of powder. The Chittagong arrived yesterday from Departure Bay, where she went and took fuel for the trip. The ship had several passengers in the steerage.

—Chief of Police Sheppard received a telegram from the authorities at the New Westminster insane asylum announcing the death of James Peet, committed from Victoria 10 days ago. He passed away this morning, and as he has no known relatives or close connections will very likely be buried at the asylum. Peet was admitted to Jubilee Hospital a few weeks ago suffering with a pair of very sore eyes and in a generally bad state of health. He became violently insane quite suddenly, and it was predicted at the time he was sent away that he would not live long. He was an old resident of Victoria.

Law Intelligence.

The full court will sit on Monday, the 8th instant. The following is the list of appeals to be heard:

Tremblay v. Derocher. Donahue v. Howison re Yorkshire Guarantee Security Corporation, Ltd., Edison General Electric Company v. Westminster and Vancouver Tram Company, Slade v. Sargent, C. P. N. Co. v. Murphy, Wong Hoy Woon v. Duncan, Roglis v. Hirst.

30
Millinery Department.
For the next thirty days we will offer the balance of our stock at cut prices. Now for a bargain in a Trimmed Hat, Flowers, Feathers and Shirt Waists. Try the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates st.
JOHN PARTRIDGE.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The Seventh Day Adventists Upheld in Ontario for Working on Sunday.

Windsor, Ont., July 5.—Farmers can haul rails and do other work on Sunday. Such was the judgment in the court of Magistrate Forhan, Kent county. Farmers of the Seventh Day Adventists have been keeping Saturday instead of Sunday as the Biblical Sabbath, and the Methodists prosecuted the case. Watts hauled rails on Sunday and Magistrate Forhan said he could go ahead and do all the Sunday work he wanted, being exempt as a farmer.

London, Ont., July 5.—It is understood that the bishop of Algoma has declined to accept the proffered position of principal of the Huron Ladies' College. Among other names mentioned for the position is that of Prof. B. Watkin, of Leadville, Que.

Winnipeg, July 5.—The High Court of Foresters concluded its work at Souris, Man., and elected officers and decided to meet at Winnipeg next year.

For First-class Footwear, Faultless Fit and Finest Finish, in Foremost Fashions, at Fairest Figures,
Blacks and Tans.
A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets

THE DAY AT ANGELES.

Victoria Won the Hose Race—No Wind for Sailing—The Fight.

The Victorians who went to Port Angeles yesterday—and there were nearly a thousand of them—had a very enjoyable time. Those who went over to take part in the sports were met by committees and taken in charge for the day. The weather was very good, in contradistinction to what it was at home. There was no wind, however, and the yacht race and the canoe sailing race did not take place. The yacht Dora was left at Port Angeles, and sailed perhaps by Norman R. Smith, will compete in the postponed race before she returns here. Just when the race will be sailed is difficult to say.

The Victoria team of junior baseball players was defeated by the Port Angeles club by a score of 17 to 14, but the firemen made up by winning the hose race and a pretty cup. The Victoria team was composed as follows: D. McDougall, K. Douglas, F. Leroy, F. Hinds, T. Watson, C. Smith, E. Harrison, L. Smith, J. Hall, H. Petticrew, R. Petticrew and W. Rendall. The time was 32½ seconds, against 39 made by the Angeles team. K. Douglas and Tom Watson were first and second respectively in the 100 yards race.

The glove contest between Jack Barnard and E. Harrison, known as Young Jackson, was won on a foul. The men met at the Port Angeles opera house and Jack Hayes was referee. The first round was cautiously boxed by both but Barnard opened the second with a series of rushes, nearly all of which were stopped by Harrison. The latter then made the fighting, but Barnard fouled him, repeatedly in clinching. There were several warnings from the referee, who finally, in the sixth round, gave Harrison the match. The latter had had the best of it but had broken a bone in his right hand and it is hard to say how it would have terminated. Barnard seemed the cleverest man but had weight and reach against him. Both were somewhat cut up. The winner got the door receipts, about $75.

A large crowd remained over for the dance last night and had an enjoyable time. The Islander left on the last trip at midnight and was here at 1:30.

UNTIL TUESDAY NEXT.

Postponement of Proceedings in the Filter Beds Contract.

Mayor Teague was yesterday afternoon notified by Messrs. Yates & Jay that application would be made this morning for a writ restraining the corporation from signing the contract with Messrs. Walkely, King & Casey and requested that he defer the signing of the contract until to-day.

Proceedings in the matter are now at a standstill until Tuesday next, as Messrs. Yates & Jay were unable to get a hearing before a judge this morning. Justice Drake was not about the courts to-day and Justice Crease was too busy in the preparation of judgments for to-morrow to hear the application to-day.

At 1 o'clock p.m. the mayor was notified by Messrs. Yates & Jay of their inability to obtain the writ this morning and requesting that he further delay the signing of the contract until Tuesday next. Tuesday, it stated, is the earliest date at which the motion can be brought on under the rules.

The mayor at once notified Messrs. Yates & Jay that he would do nothing further in the matter until after the hearing of the application.

So the matter will remain in abeyance until next Tuesday.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—All kinds of cutlery at Fox's.

Man with the gloomy liver,
Cease to deplore thy fate;
Get thee toward the river
And go to digging bait.

This belief in the inveracity of anglers is singularly universal. It may be said to extend from pole to pole.

"You are not leaving us, Jack? Tea will be here directly."

Jack (to two very masculinely dressed and spoken young women)—Oh, I'm going for a cup of tea in the servants' hall. You know I can't get along without female society.

$25 REWARD.

Lost in Esquimalt Harbor, between Whitewashed Rocks, off Ashe Head, and Magazine Island, a Whitehead Torpedo.

The above reward will be paid for its recovery. Apply to the Senior Naval Officer, Esquimalt.

H.M.S. Hyacinth,
Esquimalt, 2nd July, 1895. jy4-2t

74 Yates Street

Is the place to get all kinds of agateware, tinware, brooms, brushes, bird cages and all sizes of ice cream freezers. A full stock of E. B. Eddy's matches on hand. Five per cent. discount for cash.

R. Kenny & Co.

A SWEET PLACE.

A Visit to Grasse, the Great Perfume District of France.

To speak literally, one of the "sweetest" places in all Europe is Grasse, the garden of Provence and after Paris the most extensive manufactory of perfumery in France. A writer in Longman's Magazine says of it that the air, half-sea and half-mountain air, is scented with the fragrance of roses and orange flowers, and whithersoever one goes, not a bare patch of ground is to be seen. No fruit tree that will grow, no sweet scented flower which can be made to yield up its essence, is neglected here. As all the best roses are gathered in the early morning, before the sun has touched them, it is only in private gardens that one should look for roses later in the day. Chief among them is the lovely little yellow rose, which flowers in a profusion unimagined by dwellers in the north. It flings one flower-laden spray over another, until one might bury the arm in clusters of cool roses, to the depth of a third of a yard. Everything flourishes at Grasse. "I shall not stay here," said a young German gardener who had gone south to study his occupation under new conditions. "There is nothing to learn here. Nature works with you. I shall go to England." Grasse has for some centuries been celebrated for perfumes, for scented oils and soaps. Many a process has to be gone through before either soaps, perfumes or toilet waters receive a being. Little can be seen of the gathering, unless it be that of the orange blossoms, when men and women work their way into the densest parts of the closely growing, round-topped trees, and stay there as if they had been capriciously stuck in by some powerful enemy and left there. The orange scent produces something like hay fever, except that it is more serious. The pollen, also, acts as a sort of poison; and though the odd, broad-bonneted figures look as if they were so firmly wedged into the trees that nothing could dislodge them, they frequently startle the bystanders by falling fainting to the ground. When the sacks of flowers reach the manufactory they are weighed and their contents are tumbled out on long tables, where they lie in heaps nearly a yard high. The floor, too, is covered, leaving narrow footpaths for the workpeople. Here at the table the townspeople sit picking off petals, and laughing and talking, for they are paid by weight, and so are allowed such liberty of behavior. When the rose leaves have passed from their hands they are shot down through a trap door at the other end of the building and thrust into caldrons of boiling lard. There the perfume, the soul of the flower, is caught and imprisoned. Most of the perfumes are made by laying freshly gathered flowers in a glass case, the lid of which is spread with a coating of lard, half an inch thick. This, in the course of twelve or twenty-four hours, absorbs all the essential oil. The lard requires many relays of flowers before it is sufficiently impregnated with perfume; sometimes the supply is changed five or six times, or again as many as sixty. The lard is finally melted and mixed with spirit, which, combining with the volatile oil, rises to the top, and is skimmed and filtered. There is a probability that Grasse will lose its picturesque beauty through being "improved" for the eye of the winter visitor. Queen Victoria's recent visit has given it an impetus, and now it longs for boulevards and villas such as make Cannes so prosperous and so commonplace.

THE WORLD'S GREAT JEWELS

Where the Richest Gems Are Located and Who Their Fortunate Owners Are.

Famous Collections of Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and Other Precious Stones.

The other day George F. Kunz, the gem expert of Tiffany & Co., was asked where the finest collections of diamonds were to be found.

"There are three very remarkable collections," he said. "The first is the jewels of the British crown in he tower of London, where the Koh-i-noor is not. A glass model is on exhibition in its place and is believed to be the Koh-i-noor by nearly all who see it."

"Where is the Koh-i-noor?"

"In the possession of the Queen, at Windsor. The next collection is that belonging to the crown of Austria, the Schatzkammer at the Hofberg, in Vienna. The third is in the Winter palace at St. Petersburg, Russia. A fourth is the famous collection founded by August II, of Saxony, in the green vaults at Dresden."

"What private individual has the finest collection?"

"The late Harry Phillip Hope, of the firm of Hope & Co., London, who assumed the national debt of Brazil about a century ago. He owned the famous Hope blue diamond of forty-four carats, which was very positively asserted to be a part of the blue diamond stolen from the French crown, which contained the greatest collection of precious stones which had ever existed up to this time. It was re-cut and the shape changed."

"Who has the finest collection in America?"

"Imust not give names. The Tiffany-Higinbotham collection at the Field Columbian museum in Chicago is the finest assembly of the many varieties of gems and precious stones in the world on exhibition.

"The Tiffany-Morgan collection at the Museum of Natural History in New York is very fine, especially in American gems, and in the National museum at Washington are some of the jewels given by the Iman of Muscat to President Van Buren."

"Where do rubies come from?"

"The finest come from the valley of the Mogok in Burmah. Many fine stones have been obtained in recent years in Siam, where occasionally a gem is found of rich ruby red color, although in most instances they have a brownish or garnet-like tint. Fine rubies, rather light in coloring, generally with a garnet or claret-like tint, but which by artificial light are remarkably beautiful, are peculiar to Ceylon. A few, and only a few stones, weighing up to half a carat, and of a decided ruby color, have been found in the vicinity of Franklin, Macon county, N. C. Nearly all the large rubies in the gem market today are not the result of recent working, but from the old collections and from private jewel boxes, where some of them have rested for a century or more."

"Where is the largest ruby in the world? Is it not in Moscow, in the crown of Catharine the Great?"

"No. I have examined the great ruby, in Catharine's crown, and it is not a ruby, but of the tourmaline variety."

"The great diamonds that you find among the Indian princes come from the Indian diamond mines. The large yellow diamond, "Star of the South," weighing 125 carats, shown at the 1867 exposition, is now owned by an Indian Rajah. A pale yellow diamond weighing 225 carats after cutting, exhibited by the De Beers Mining Company, Limited, of Kimberley, South Africa, was purchased by an Oriental prince at the Paris exposition of 1889. It was a very pale yellow. The Visam of Hyderabad purchased the Victoria, or Imperial diamond, as it was also known, weighing 180 carats after cutting, which, though not perfectly round, is a remarkably beautiful stone of a bluish-white tint. Strange to say this, until then the largest diamond of modern times, came to London without a history. It remained upon exhibition guarded by the French police, for it was suspected that an attempt might be made by the owners of the mine from which it was supposed to have come, to recover it. It was from one of the Kimberley mines. It was owned by a London syndicate made up of thirty-two shares. It was found by four men, three of whom lost their shares in it at cards the very first night after they had found it."

"To what extent are paste diamonds worn?"

"Among a good class of people not at all. Imitation pearls to a slight extent, but diamonds not at all."

"Is it not the custom in this country, as in Europe, for people to put diamonds in safekeeping and wear others of paste?"

"Very rarely. Generally the American people take the chances, and they lose very little. I think you will find that people who are accustomed to wear real jewels will not wear paste. I saw more fine pearls worn by American ladies during the Paris exposition than by all the rest of Europe together. Those worn by the French were a little off shape or color, but the American people always want something fine; they demand perfection where the French are satisfied with effect. In spite of the reflections cast upon them, there are no people so exacting in these matters as Americans."

"Is it true that there are more fine diamonds in New York than anywhere else in the world except Moscow and St. Petersburg?"

"They have a great many fine old jewels in London, but I would not be surprised if you would find as many in New York as in London or Paris. At the sale of the French crown jewels, one American jeweler bought more than any nine of the largest foreign dealers combined. Tiffany & Co. bought more than one third of the entire sale, not only of the jewels of Eugenie, but those of Marie Antoinette. Many of the other jewelers bought on orders, but the American firm bought entirely for its own use, and nine-tenths of its jewels were sold before two months had elapsed. There are a great many diamonds in Russia, but in America there are so many millionaires, and New York especially has become the Mecca for jewelers.

"During the last twenty-five years the American people have paid duty on at least $180,000,000 worth of diamonds and other precious stones. In 1893 alone they imported $15,203,563 worth, but in 1894 there was a falling off owing to the hard times, and the total was only $4,856,985. This does not include uncut diamonds, of which we imported more than a million dollar's worth in 1892, $800,000 worth in 1893, and $595,267 in 1894. During the last twenty-two years we have imported $7,987,817 worth of uncut diamonds. In 1889 we imported $129,000 worth of uncut diamonds, in 1889 only $250,000 worth. The large increase of late has been due to the fact that a number of American jewelers have opened diamond cutting establishments. The pioneer diamond cutter in the United States was Henry D. Morse, of Boston, Mass., who in early life learned the engraver's art, and later became a jeweler. In 1869 the Dewey diamond weighing 25 carats, which was found near Richmond, Virginia, was delivered to him for treatment, and he produced from the rough stone a gem weighing 11 carats, which permanently established his reputation as a cutter and polisher. There are now fifteen establishments in the United States, which employ from one to twenty men. There are 4,000 manufacturers in Europe and about 200 in the United States who employ between 7,000 and 8,000 persons as cutters and polishers. Perhaps 28,000 people are employed in the diamond mines throughout the world. We read that in past centuries 60,000 persons were working in some single Indian mines at one time, and perhaps that statement is not exaggerated, since by the aid of modern machinery one miner can now accomplish as much as twenty who used the primative methods."

"What do you estimate to be the total value of all the diamonds in the world?"

"It undoubtedly exceeds the sum of $1,000,000,000. There are perhaps 8,000 dealers in diamonds in the world, who carry in their stock stones worth perhaps $350,000,000. The remainder are in the hands of private individuals. To compare present conditions with those of the past, it is instructive to note the enormous increase in the production of diamonds, and the important industrial changes wrought thereby, which have resulted from the discovery and working of the great South African mines. During the past quarter century ten tons of diamonds, selling for more than $900,000,000 uncut and $600,000,000 after cutting, have been added to the world's wealth—an amount more than twice as great as the value of diamonds known to exist before. This vast value is in the most concentrated, portable and ornamental form, and more convertible than anything except gold and silver. Its accumulation has built up cities like Kimberley and maintained important industries in Amsterdam and other centres. The De Beers Diamond Mining Company, limited, a single corporation, with stock having a market value quoted at $90,000,000, controls more than nine-tenths of the entire output and regulates and maintains the price. As a result, diamond cutting industries have been established such as were not thought of before, employing hundreds of people in immense mills, where the cutters used to hire only the benches at which they did their work.

"Gardiner F. Williams, superintendent of the De Beers Diamond Mining company, shows that diamonds worth £3,239,389, were mined and sold during the whole year by that company. The expenditure amounted to £1,695,298 and the profits to £1,544,096.

"The success of diamond mines as investments under the wonderfully concerted plan of Cecil Rhodes, of South Africa, caused such ventures to be looked upon favorably by the ever-willing English investor, so that when the Burwah Ruby Mine company, limited, was ready to place its stock, in February, about six years ago, the unprecedented spectacle was witnessed in front of the bankers' offices in London of white-haired millionaires attempting to scramble up the stairs in such crowds that the London police were called to club them mercilessly and drive them away, for the reason that the stock was subscribed for nearly three times over before the books were opened. The stock rose to more than 300 per cent. within a few months; but the shares can now be bought for less than one-half the original subscription rate. They have never paid a dividend. The company has just obtained a lower rate of rental from the English government, and it is a question, even at that, whether it can be successful.

"Where are the finest pearls to be found?"

"The Iman of Muscat possesses a pearl weighing twelve and a half carats, through which you can see daylight; it is worth about £32,000. One owned by Princess Yousoupoff is unique for beauty. It was sold by Geogibus of Calais, in 1620 to Philip IV. of Spain for 80,000 ducats; its present value is about £30,000. The pope on his accession became the possessor of a pearl left by one of his predecessors upon the throne of the vatican which cannot be of less value than £20,000.

"The Empress Frederick has a necklace composed of 32 pearls, the total value of which has been estimated at £35,000. Her mother, Queen Victoria, has a necklace of pink pearls worth £16,000. That of the Baroness Gustave de Rothschild, made up of five rows of these precious stones, is valued at £40,000, while that of the Baroness Adolphe de Rothschild is even more costly still.

"Good judges are doubtful whether to award the palm to either of the above or to the Empress of Russia, who has seven rows of pure white pearls, valued at something like 80,000 roubles, but the stones of which are perhaps less beautiful to the eye. The one belonging to the Grand Duchess Marie has six rows, and is said to have cost £36,000.

"Mlle. Dosne, a sister of M. Thiers, has a necklace of several rows, which has taken her thirty years to collect and has cost her upward of £15,000. The Empress of Austria possesses some of the most beautiful black pearls it is possible to find. Her casket and that of the Czarina of Russia are, in fact, the most famous in the world for pearls of this color.

"Mme. Leonide Leblanc sold her necklace of pearls a year or two ago for nearly £80,000, but in consequence of certain whisperings at the time, she bought it back. The stones in it graduate in size, and are exceedingly beautiful in shape and lustre."—New York Sun.

—For coughs of any kind, use Adams' Horehound Tutti Frutti. It cures. Refuse imitations.

A MONSTER FACTORY.

Government Cigarette Works, Seville, Employs Nearly 2,000 People.

One of the sights of Seville, Spain, which no tourist misses is the cigarette factory, in which the government employs nearly two thousand women and girls. The showing about of visitors is accordingly looked upon as a regular matter of income by the porter and matron. After getting permission to enter you are placed in charge of a matron who shows you through her own department and then passes you on to another and so on, until your stock of pesetas and half pesetas, put aside for fees, is exhausted.

These matrons accompany the visitors, not in order to prevent the girls from flirting with them (nothing could do that), but to see that no tobacco, picadura or cigarettes may disappear. Before entering each room a bell is rung to warn the girls, who are in great disbabille on account of the sun, to put on their wrappers, and as the door is opened scores of round arms and pretty shoulders are seen disappearing, while several hundred pairs of coal black eyes are fastened on you.

The passages are lined with cradles, and the young girl-mothers to whom they belong implore you with eyes and hands for a penny for the Murillos of the future lying in them. The girls are more frank than subtle in their flirtations. There is not one in the crowd who will not be immediately conscious of a man's gaze fixed on her, nor will she be the first to turn her eyes away. Some will wink or even throw a kiss from a distant corner at the rich Inglese (all foreigners are supposed to be wealthy Englishmen.)

They are a merry lot, on the whole, these poor girls, the quickest of whom make only two shillings a day, for which they have to toil ten or twelve hours. They are allowed to smoke if they wish, and they make use of the privilege. They are remarkably deft at rolling the cigarettes, but not all seem eager to make as many as possible, for some are idling and others are asleep; but not one cares, as each one is paid according to the number she twists up, aided only by a piece of specially made cartridge papers and a small tin affair on her little finger.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

—Blood-purifiers, though gradual, are radical in their effect. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is intended as a medicine only and not a stimulant, excitant, or beverage. Immediate results may not always follow its use; but after a reasonable time, permanent benefit is certain to be realized.

A New Shortening

If you have a sewing machine, a clothes wringer or a carpet sweeper (all new inventions of modern times), it's proof that you can see the usefulness of new things.

Cottolene

Is A NEW SHORTENING, and every housekeeper who is interested in the health and comfort of her family should give it a trial. It's a vegetable product and far superior to anything else for shortening and frying purposes. Physicians and Cooking Experts say it is destined to be adopted in every kitchen in the land. This is to suggest that you put it in yours now. It's both new and good. Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers.

Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.

TRANSPORTATION.

O. R. & N. SS. LINE.

JAPAN and CHINA.

SS. "CHITTAGONG"

Due .....20th June.
Sails .....5th July.

For freight and particulars apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.,
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GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

..TO..

St. Paul, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Chicago,
New York, Boston,
And all U. S. Points,

..ALSO TO..

Toronto, Hamilton,
Montreal, Quebec,
And All Eastern Canadian Points.

Daylight Run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains.

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IN AMERICA.

SUPERB BUFFET, ELEGANT DINING, PALACE SLEEPING AND COSY TOURIST CARS.

Magnificent Fleet of Steamers on Great Lakes

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—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
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TO

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				TONNAGE 1347
8 30 pm	Lv	M I	...*Victoria...	110	Ar 4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv 1 30 pm
2 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	28	Lv 10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	..*Tacoma..	341	Lv 8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

S. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
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No. 255 Morrison St., corner of Third St., Portland, Or.

HONOLULU, by O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, August 3rd, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 5,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda, Thursday, July 25, at 8 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

ERSTER,
District Agent.

R. P. RITHET & CO. LTD.
Wharf Street, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER,
Agent for Puget Sound Territory

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria .....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or stateroom apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. apl26

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE No. 24

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

North Bound, Read Up. No. 2 Pass. Daily.		North Bound, Read Down. No. 4 Pass. Sat. Su.		STATIONS.	South Bound, Read Up. No. 1 Pass. Daily.		South Bound, Read Down. No. 3 Pass. Sat. Su.	
Dp. 8.00 am		Dp. 4.40 pm		Victoria.	Ar 12 30 pm		Ar 8 20 pm	
8.24		4.56		Russ's	12 06		7 54	
8.31		5.03		Esquimalt.	11 59		7 47	
8.41		5.13		Colwood.	11 49		7 37	
8.47		5.19		Metchosin.	11 43		7 31	
8.57		5.29		Rocky Pt.	11 33		7 21	
9.04		5.36		Jordan River.	11 26		7 14	
9.19		5.51		Sooke.	11 11		6 59	
9.29		6.01		Leechtown.	11 01		6 49	
9.40		6.12		Goldstream.	10 50		6 38	
9.50		6.22		Summit Siding.	10 40		6 28	
9.55		6.27		Shawnigan Lake.	10 35		6 23	
10.08		6.40		Cobble Hill.	10 22		6 10	
10.18		6.50		McPherson's.	10 12		6 00	
10.28		7.00		Kokoham.	10 02		5 50	
10.35		7.07		Somenos.	9 55		5 43	
10.45		7.17		Westholme.	9 45		5 33	
10.52		7.24		Chemainus.	9 38		5 26	
11.06		7.38		Oyster Bay Siding.	9 24		5 12	
11.16		7.48		Crofton.	9 14		5 02	
11.26		7.58		Nanaimo.	9 04		4 52	
Ar 12.00 m		Lv 8.30 pm		Wellington.	Lv 8.30 am		Dp. 2.20 pm	

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for 15 days, including day of issue.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

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CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE . . .

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

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Chicago &
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Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

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GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Agent, Victoria.

GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 22 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notice.

JOHN IRVINE, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

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WALLA WALLA, - - JULY 7

R. P. RITHET & CO. Agents.

Pants! Pants! All Wool Tweed Pants, $1.50, $175, $2.00. Large Consignment just to hand. **B. Williams & Co.,** Clothiers and Hatters. 97 Johnson St.

THE ISLANDS.

Closing of Schools on Galiano and Mayne Islands.

Galiano Island, July 1.—The Galiano Island school house was filled to its utmost capacity last Friday morning by pupils and friends to witness the semi-annual examination of the children by their teacher, Miss E. Crockford. During the past four months great reforms have taken place in the management of the school and there is now a larger attendance than there ever has been since the island was formed into a separate district. The children acquitted themselves very creditably, and Miss Crockford is deserving of great praise for having brought them to the excellent standard which they, in so brief a time, have attained. Numerous prizes were given away and the meeting dispersed after the children had given three hearty cheers for their teacher.

The annual school meeting was held on Galiano Island, Saturday, 29th inst., when the yearly report and accounts were read and passed. Mr. C. Groth, the retiring trustee, was re-elected to serve another term.

A small steam tug is travelling among the islands engaging men to work at the salmon fishing on the Fraser river.

A special school meeting will be held on Galiano Island on Thursday, July 4, to elect a trustee in place of Mr. Robert Grubb, J. P., who has tendered his resignation.

The annual school meeting of the Mayne Island district was held on Saturday, 29th instant. The report and accounts having been passed Mr. W. M. Robson was elected a trustee on the board to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Mr. T. Bennett.

The half-yearly examination of the children of the Mayne Island district took place on Friday, 29th, before a large company of parents and friends. The examiners were Messrs. James W. Sinclair (teacher) and C. Drummond Worge. Rolls of honor were obtained by Mary Catherine Cullison for regularity and punctuality, Eliza Mayne Robson, proficiency; Ellen Georgeson, deportment. The spelling bee caused a great deal of excitement, having lasted nearly two hours. The result was as follows: Fifth class, Eliza Robson; fourth class, Freddy Bennett; second class, Gertrude Jack; second class, second division, R. Tracksley. At the close of the proceedings Trustee Jack stepped forward and spoke in eulogistic terms of the teacher, exhorting the parents to use their earnest concentrated efforts in instructing the children, pointing out that the duty and responsibility of training the little ones primarily rested with the parents. The numerous adjuncts and excrescences were so many and so specious that it needed strong faith and a firm hold to be able to see the truth as against error, and to be able rightly to guide the children in the right path. When one thought of the vast possibilities of each one of the children, it was a glorious thing to see such a number of young people gathered together so full of promise of a bright and happy future. These few remarks were received with great enthusiasm and elicited the loudest applause. Mr. Jim Robson having spoken a few suitable words the proceedings terminated with three cheers for the teacher.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Coteau Landing, July 4.—Burglars tried to break into S. & J. Carrier's store last night. J. Carrier fired a revolver and they fled. They blew open the safe in C. Bruner's store, but got nothing.

Chatham, July 4.—William Emery, a Big Point farmer, committed suicide yesterday by taking paris green. He coolly told his brother that he had intentionally poisoned himself, and asked him not to send for a doctor.

Toronto, July 4.—The rapidity with which the water in Lake Ontario is falling is causing great alarm among the shipping firms of this port. Yesterday the water in the bay reached the lowest point recorded for years at this season; this is 25 inches less that it was at the corresponding period last year.

Peterboro, July 4.—Mrs. Margaret O'Brien, aged 75, yesterday took her life by swallowing a quantity of paris green. Medical aid was summoned but nothing could be done to check the effect of the poison.

Toronto, July 4.—There is serious trouble in the Elm street Methodist church. Rev. Dr. Galbraith, the pastor, severely arraigned the members of the board of directors for interference with the board of trustees in arrangements for the musical part of the service over which he presided, and claims the right of veto in all musical matters connected with the church.

Montreal, July 4.—James McShane declines to run for the centre division for the legislature. The Liberal candidate will probably be Ald. M. F. Nolan.

Lennoxville, July 4.—After hearing the evidence in the Hull case the jury found that Hull came to his death by wounds caused by a razor in the hands of Mark Sherburn, and that Mark Sherburn did kill and murder Hull. A coroner's warrant has been issued for the arrest of Sherburn, who will be taken before a magistrate as soon as his health permits.

Winnipeg, July 4.—At a meeting of the senior Conservative association of Winnipeg last night a strongly worded resolution was passed unanimously calling upon the Dominion government to pass the order-in-council granting aid to the Winnipeg & Hudson's Bay railway, of which there has been so much talk recently. The resolution concluded: "Be it therefore resolved that we regard with alarm the possibility of the government allowing the present session of parliament to close without having passed a measure ratifying said order-in-council, as such inaction or abandonment of policy on their part would cause widespread discontent and bitter disappointment amongst the people who look upon a railway to Hudson's Bay as a vital and immediate public necessity, and would have a most serious tendency to alienate from the Conservative party many of those who now warmly support its wise and progressive administration." A strongly worded resolution was also adopted deprecating the appointment of a non-resident to the office of lieutenant-governor, and urging the immediate appointment of a resident and representative Manitoban.

—If the care of the hair were made part of a lady's education, we should not see so many gray heads, and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer would be unnecessary.

DEBTS OF ROYALTY.

Tradesmen Wait Patiently and Present No Bills to Kings.

There are many persons who will envy the privileges which royalty enjoys of never being dunned for tradesmen's bills. The great Parisian dressmakers in particular make a point of never sending in any account to their royal and imperial customers unless specially requested to do so. At the same time all sorts of clever artifices and devices are adopted to remind customers of this exalted rank—without appearing to do so—that money is due and payments desirable, says the Chicago Record.

Some of the scions of royalty are very punctilious and exact about their payments, especially the Princess of Wales, who has from the English crown an indemnity allowance of $50,000 per annum, which is supposed to be entirely spent in dress—not so difficult a matter when it is borne in mind that throughout the London season the Princess, the observed of all observers, never appears the second time in the same toilet, that the toilets are changed several times a day, and that many of them, especially those for evening and court wear, cost $1000 and $1500 each.

Very different from the Princess of Wales is the Dowager Queen of Portugal, who is perennially hard up in spite of the large allowances she receives from the Portuguese and Italian civil lists. Her tradesmen at Paris, whence she gets all her clothes, have to wait years for their money, which they get only when some of the Portuguese loans happen to be floated, or when the Queen is able to get her brother, King Humbert of Italy, to come to her rescue and fill her depleted purse.

The members of the Russian court are very exact and unquestioning in their payments, and so, too, is Queen Marguerite of Italy, the punctiliousness in this respect being due to her husband, King Humbert, who, still suffering from the disastrous effects of the insane extravagance of his father, Victor Emmanuel, is careful to run as few bills as possible, and, so far as he can, to pay as he goes.

This immunity from duns does not extend to royal personages whose families have been deprived of their thrones, or who are compelled to prefix an "ex" to their title. Thus, ex-King Milan of Servia is constantly being dunned and sued, while ex-Queen Isabella of Spain every now and again gets into such a terrible snarl with her Parisian tradesmen that her daughter-in-law, the Queen Regent, is compelled to send members of her own household to Madrid to straighten matters out and assume charge of the old lady's liabilities.

There is a popular impression abroad that the Prince of Wales is frequently dunned by tradesmen. But this is not the case. I don't suppose he ever received a tailor's bill in his life, and his pressing needs for money, which drive him into such extraordinary and promiscuous friendships and associations, are attributable to loans coming due and to gambling and racing debts. Perhaps the most unpunctual and least satisfactory of royal personages with whom to run a bill is the present Emperor of Germany, a reigning sovereign who comes about as near being dunned like an ordinary mortal as any one could find, the tradesmen who are unable to get their money taking their annoyance out in disagreeable remarks that bring them dangerously near indictment for the crime of lese-majeste.

—To retain vigorous health, use Adams' Tutti Frutti. It assists digestion wonderfully.

THE TELAUTOGRAPH.

First Application of Prof Gray's Invention in Journalism.

The first use of the telautograph in journalism was made by the Chicago Times-Herald June 20, 1895. Prof. Elisha Gray's invention transmitted to the columns of the Times-Herald opinions of the Republican leaders in attendance upon the convention of the National League of Republican Clubs of Cleveland. The handwriting of each man was reproduced as distinctly in the Times-Herald of June 21, 1895, as it appeared on the paper on which the writers penned their sentiments.

That the telautograph will become a living factor in commerce is apparent from its availability in confidential and financial transactions. But these are only portions of its usefulness. Probably the greatest service it is to render to journalism lies in its picture power. The sketch of the head of Prof. Elisha Gray, made by the electrician Tiffany, sent the same day by telautograph from Cleveland, and printed in the Times-Herald the morning after transmission, is a suggestion of the infinite scope for this new machine in journalism.

A year ago the idea that a telegraphic machine would be able to furnish to the printing press bona-fide sketches of a pageant literally "by our correspondent on the spot" would have been laughed at as idle dreaming. In the autograms, consisting alike of handwriting in fac simile and of a portrait sketch, the Times-Herald of June 21, 1895, becomes monumental proof of the capacity of this new invention to serve jounralism, and thereby the world in ways absolutely novel and absolutely authentic. That it is seriously to modify the journalism of the future as soon as the machine can be made available for general adoption is beyond question.

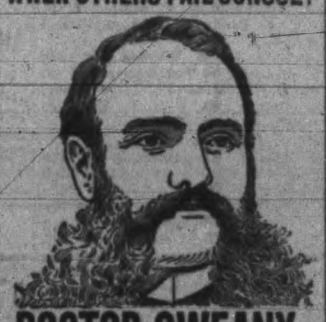
The name of Elisha Gray is already great in science. His latest achievement will raise him to the highest rank of the benefactors, the teachers and the entertainers of mankind.—Chicago Times-Herald.

That Tired Feeling.

Is a common complaint and it is a dangerous symptom. It means that the system is debilitated because of impure blood, and in this condition it is especially liable to attacks of disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy for this condition, and also for that weakness which prevails at the change of season, climate or life.

HOODS PILLS act easily, yet promptly and efficiently on the bowels and liver. 25c.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT



DOCTOR SWEANY,
SPECIALIST,
(Regular Graduate Registered.)

Formerly of Philadelphia, Pa., who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, Wash., 713 Front St. (Union Block), where the sick and afflicted can receive treatment in the future as they have in the past from the ablest and most successful specialist of the age.

Diplomas and Licenses

hang on the walls of his office. He has had many years of experience in the leading Eastern hospitals, also many years of successful practice that

Challenges the World.

He publishes no names of patients, nor their diseases, but cures them, and any one in need of his services desiring references can be shown hundreds of genuine testimonials on file in his office which grateful patients have requested him to use.

WHY BECAUSE Do the SICK PEOPLE of Seattle and vicinity crowd his office daily. the wonderful cures he is making have created confidence and delight in the hearts of those who have struggled in vain for years against the ravages of disease until this successful doctor, whose picture appears above, restored them to health.

BUSINESS MEN

Now realize the fact that DOCTOR SWEANY can be depended upon to fulfil his promises in every respect and he now numbers among his patients prominent business men of this city and vicinity. He treats all medical and surgical diseases.

LOST MANHOOD among young, middle aged and old men. The awful effects of youthful indiscretion or excesses in after life.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, aversion to society, stupidity, despondency, loss of energy, ambition and self-confidence, which deprive you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or marriage, you should take treatment from this noted specialist before it is too late.

MIDDLE AGED AND OLD MEN—There are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys, frequent painful urination and sediment in the urine, and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility and premature decay. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success. Delay is dangerous.

PRIVATE Diseases—Inflammations, Strictures, Weakness of Organs, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly cured without pain or detention from business.

CATARRH—Which poisons the organs of man's and lungs and paves the way for Consumption. Throat, Liver, Heart, Kidney, Bladder and all constitutional and internal troubles; also Rupture, Piles, Fistula treated far in advance of any institution in the country.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases—Boils, Sores, Spots, Pimples, Scrofula, Syphilitic Taints, Tumors, Tetter, Eczema and Blood Poison, primary or secondary, thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a strong, pure and healthful state.

LADIES—If you are suffering from persistent Headaches, Painful Menstruation, Intolerable Itching, or any of the distressing ailments peculiar to your sex, you should consult Dr. Sweany without delay. He cures when others fail.

WRITE Your troubles if living away from the city. Thousands cured at home by correspondence. Strictly confidential. Medicine sent secure from observation. Book entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH" sent free to those describing their troubles. Address

LEVERETT SWEANY, M. D.
(Union Block)
713 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

—FOR— ATHLETES WHEN TRAINING. **JOHNSTON'S** —FOR— INVALIDS AND CONVALESCENTS.

: FLUID : BEEF :

—FOR— SOLID COMFORT AS A BEVERAGE. —IS— INDISPENSIBLE IN SICKNESS AND HEALTH. —FOR— STRENGTH —TO— ALL.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Lot 3: Block XVI; lot 25, block XVIII; lot 12, block XIX; lots 13 and 29, block XX; lot 17, block XXX; lots 20 and 38, block XXXI; lot 26, block XXXIV, lot 1, block XXXV; lot 4, block XXXVII; lots 2 and 20, block XXXIX; the easterly 2-3 of lot 21, block XL; lot 13, block XLVIII; lot 2, block L; lot 7, block LI; part of district lot 185, in the city of Vancouver.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above lots will be issued to James Charles Prevost, guardian of the estate of Ernest Wilfred Pratt, otherwise known as Ernest Pratt, on the 28th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming the estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

T. O TOWNLEY,
District Registrar.

Land Registry Office, Vancouver, 24th June, 1895. 3m.

Land Registry Act.

In the Matter of the Application of Peter Steele for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the following portions of Sections XXXI. and XXXII., Esquimalt District, viz.:

All that piece or parcel of land forming a portion of Section XXXII., Esquimalt District, together known as Lots 20 and 21, according to a survey and plan made by R. Honfray, C. E., and more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at the N. E. corner of said section, thence running westerly along the northern boundary of said section 395 links, thence south 475 links, thence easterly to the eastern boundary of said section, 351 links; thence northward along the said boundary to the point of beginning, 562 links.

Also that piece or parcel of land known as Buckley's Orchard, and forming a portion of Section XXXI. Esquimalt District, more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at a point on the northern boundary of the said section 14 feet six inches distant from the N. E. corner of before mentioned Section XXXII., thence running easterly along the said boundary 400 feet, thence southerly and parallel to the eastern boundary of the first above described piece of land 325 feet, thence at right angles west 350 feet, thence north to the point of beginning, 198 feet.

Also all that piece or parcel of land forming another portion of Section XXXI., Esquimalt District, bounded as follows, viz.: On the west by the last described piece of land known as Buckley's Orchard, on the south by a line drawn from the south easterly corner of said last described piece to the Craigflower road and parallel to the northern boundary of the said Section XXXI., to the eastward by the Craigflower road, and to the northward by the northern boundary of said Section XXXI.

NOTICE is hereby given that a certificate of indefeasible title to the above lands will be issued to Peter Steele on the 30th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by a person claiming an estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, June 24, 1895.

Sewer Pipe

I have now for sale about twenty thousand feet best Scotch salt glazed SEWER PIPES (3 feet lengths), and all kinds of traps and fittings. The ONLY Pipe in Victoria to stand the test!!!!

Tiles.....

Received large consignment by last ship from England of Glazed, Printed and Art Tiles, for hearths and floors. The Latest Styles.

J. W. Keller,
Corner Yates and Quadra Streets

Choice Roses.

A fine assortment of best varieties suitable for this climate. Extra strong specimen plants in bloom.

Rhododendrons, Hollies, Araucarias, Arbor Vitæ, Horse Chestnuts, Yuccas, Clematis,

And a great variety of Ornamental Trees and Fruit Trees.

Orders for Fall delivery taken now.

OAKLAND NURSERY, VICTORIA, B.C.
ANDREW OHLSON.

Card of Thanks.

I take this means of publicly thanking Mr. Herbert Cuthbert Cuthbert, of Messrs. H Cuthbert & Co., for the manner in which he conducted my auction sale. The amount realized was considerably in excess of my anticipations.

W EDGAR BUCK.

—Closing out sale ironware at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson street. Come and see prices.

—Baskets for picnics, baskets for shopping, knife baskets, work baskets and lots of other baskets, at Weilers'.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that in future the Public Library will be closed on Saturdays between the hours of 1 p.m. and 6 p.m.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. O.

Victoria, B.C., June 11th, 1895.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.O.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of consumers of water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Sections 12, 20, and 23 of The Water Works Regulation By-Law, 1894, which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of water of the said water works shall use such water for irrigating except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In the North Ward on Mondays and Thursdays.
In the Central Ward on Tuesdays and Fridays.
In the South Ward on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore mentioned the water will be turned off, and there shall be charged in addition to ordinary rates the sum of fifty cents for each infraction.

The above penalties will be strictly enforced.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

Water Commissioner's Office,
14th May, 1895. m17

NOTICE

The following streets have been closed to traffic until further notice:

Douglas street, between Fort and Kane streets.

Broughton street, between Government and Gordon streets.

H. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., 28th June, 1895.

Notice in Respect to Thistles.

The attention of persons interested is hereby drawn to sections 3 and 5 of the Consolidated Thistle By-Law, which read as follows, viz.:

"3. Every owner, lessee, tenant, occupier, or agent for the owner or lessee, of any land, shall cut or cause to be cut down, all thistles growing upon such land before such thistles have gone to seed or come to flower."

"4. Every person convicted of an infraction of the by-law shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars."

The said persons are also respectfully informed that this is the only notification they will receive in regard to this matter.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. O.

Victoria, B. C., June 25th, 1895.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to reduce and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No stress of pains on suppress. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Cure used will use again. Invigorates those organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Special particulars sealed in stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Body, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all Diseases caused by excesses, in one month. Guaranteed to cure Hysteria, Fits, Nervous Headache, Paralysis, Alcoholism, Insanity, Premature Decay, Wakefulness, Nervous Weakness, Lost Vitality, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Sleeplessness, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Wakefulness, Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Loss of Power in either sex, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Irritability, Hysteria, Fits, Dizziness

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DUNRAVEN QUITE SATISFIED.

The Valkyrie Exactly What He Expected—No Alterations Will be Made.

Wheeling at Waltham—Johnson Breaks World's Record—Local Events.

Hunter's Quay, July 4.—Lord Dunraven came to Hunter's Quay to-day from Glasgow and having boarded the Valkyrie III. he conferred with Mr. Watson, the designer, and Captains Cranfield and Sycamore. He looked over the boat and then left again to address a political meeting at Clyde Bank.

A representative of the Associated Press met Lord Dunraven on board the steamer bound for Greenock to-day and sought his opinion of his boat's chances now that she has gone through her first race. Lord Dunraven wore a light overcoat and was seated on the after-deck by himself with his brown hat crushed over his eyes to protect his face from the broiling sun. He did not have a jubilant look and he vouchsafed not a single glance to the fore deck of the vessel, where a number of Glasgow holiday makers were dancing to the strains of a string band. When asked what he thought of Valkyrie III., Lord Dunraven said: "I am very well satisfied. She is what we expected and I don't see anything the matter with her." "But," said the reporter of the Associated Press, "she was badly beaten yesterday." Lord Dunraven made no reply to this, but pulled his hat further down and blinked at the sun. "Are you satisfied with her present trim?" he was further asked. "Yes," said Lord Dunraven, "she suits admirably, we shall not make any alterations in her whatever." "Then you have decided that she shall go to America?" was suggested in an interrogatory manner. "Oh, yes, we shall sail her Saturday and probably Monday, then she shall be docked and got ready for her ocean voyage." In what weather do you think she will do the best?" "Light weather," he said, promptly. "That is the weather you expect to get in September off New York, is it not?" Lord Dunraven smiled as he said this, "perhaps so." The reporter replied, "She proved very tender in the breeze yesterday," in a suggestive manner. Lord Dunraven said in reply to this, "I was on board and I did not see anything the matter with her. We lowered the club top-sail on the second round just to see how she would go without it; and we thought she went fast enough." The Associated Press interviewer then asked, "Is there any chance of the Britannia going to America as a second string to a bow?" "No, that is absurd. She could not possibly get ready in time. Valkyrie III. is the boat which will contest the cup races."

When asked if he would build another challenger if Valkyrie III. failed to win Lord Dunraven said he had not thought about that yet and would wait and see how Valkyrie III. fared. He certainly hoped she would win and if the cup was brought over here it would greatly increase interest in yachting, as Americans would doubtless come over and try to get it back. When he was asked, in addition, if he had seen the story of the hitch in the launch of the Defender, he said, "Yes, and I was greatly relieved afterwards to find that she had not been damaged. It would have been a pity—an awful pity—if anything had happened to her after the trouble her owners had been put to."

Lord Dunraven was asked his opinion about the Niagara, when he said, "I expected the Eucharist to beat her every time in a breeze. I thought to-day's weather too fluky to serve as a guide to the Niagara's merits."

There was a good deal of activity on board the Valkyrie III. The members of her crew are busily at work and apparently they are making alterations in her mainsail, which has been cast loose from the boom.

London, July 4.—A member of the Britannia's crew says he confidently believes that if the Valkyrie III. was properly fitted with canvas she would lead the Britannia by a long way in a fifty mile race. Mr. Henderson, her builder, had watched her performance from the shore and therefore he could not say much about her sailing, but he admitted that she sailed as well with her plain under canvas after her jackyarder had been housed. Mr. Fife, the designer of the Ailsa, added that Valkyrie III. is a fine rigged boat and calculated to make great speed on an even keel. Two racing captains of the smaller yachts who were asked for an opinion did not share the opinion that the Valkyrie III. was not doing her best. Her great wash, they say, would have kept back a twenty-two knot steamer. It is due to her great beam. She is far too broad, they thought, for a successful racer. She is badly canvased and her spars require paring.

VALKYRIE III.

London, July 4.—The Globe this afternoon, commenting on the defeat of Valkyrie III by the Britannia and Ailsa yesterday at the regatta of the Mud Hook Yacht Club on the Firth of Clyde, says: "Judging from the present outlook either the Ailsa or the Britannia will be our champion. There is no reason why either of them should not be able to snatch the prize from the Yankee." The Evening Standard, referring to the same subject, remarks: "It seems that we have reached the limit of speed in yachts, and in the Britannia we have a vessel which can hold her own in all weathers against anything of the same size. Unless the Valkyrie can be wound up to something like equality she has little chance for the cup. The contest will lose all interest if the boat we send is not in every sense our champion."

CLYDE REGATTA.

Hunter's Quay, Scotland, July 4.—The Niagara and Dakotah got a lift first in a fresh north-east breeze coming down Holy Loch, and the buoy was rounded in the following order: Niagara, Dakotah, Eucharist and Zinita. The Niagara increased her lead on the beat to the end of the round. The yachts then went away on the second round, the wind still holding good. The Niagara maintained her lead. As Mr. Gould's yacht passed the commodore's boat she hoisted a protest flag, but her reason for so doing was not known as this dispatch is being sent. The Niagara rounded the mark boat off Inverkip about a mile ahead of the Eucharist, which had gained second place, Lord Lonsdale's yacht was followed by the Zinita and Dakotah, the yachts reaching back to the powder buoy in fine style, and the Niagara eventually won the race. The following were the times at the finish: Niagara, 5:44:38; Eucharist, 5:52:11; Zinita, 5:54:2; Dakotah, 5:59:18.

THE WHEEL.

WORLD'S RECORD BROKEN.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 4.—During the last bicycle race at the driving park the grand stand collapsed. Many were injured.

Waltham, Mass., July 4.—John S. Johnson, in a competition, rode a mile in 1:58 2-5 this afternoon, breaking the world's record.

Toronto, July 4.—Arthur Zimmerman this afternoon wired the Ferry Company Racing Association that he would accept its offer to ride here on Saturday night. He will attempt to break the record established by Johnson.

BLOOMERS AND SKIRTS.

Waltham, Mass., July 4.—Six thousand people witnessed the athletic carnival at the Waltham bicycle track under the auspices of the Emmett Literary Association and the Waltham Bicycle Club. The events were especially noteworthy because of the appearance of Johnson, Tyler and Sanger in a professional race for $1000, and because of a contest between several women, a prize being given the one having the most approved female bicycle costume. The latter event was the first of its kind ever held. In the professional race Johnson broke the world's competitive record for a mile, standing start, making the mile in 1:58 2-5. This race was run in two heats. Johnson won in 2:05 2-5, finishing three lengths ahead of Sanger, who crossed the tape about six lengths ahead of Tyler. In the second and final heat Tyler flunked at the half and threw out Sanger. Neither finished, but Johnson, following the pacemakers, O'Connor, Merlow, Ewing and Connolly, who made a quad., kept on, crossing the tape in 1:58 2-5.

The bicycle costume contest was intensely interesting, in that the verdict of the judges had been expected in a way to decide the question of preference between bloomers and knickerbockers and skirts, long or short, in the awarding of the prizes. Bloomers, the closer knickerbockers and skirts won. The long skirt found no approbation. The winners are in order: Kitty Knox, M. C. Costella, both of Boston, and L. Kimball. Miss Knox wore bloomers, sack coat, an ordinary bicycle cap and gaiters. Miss Costella wore a short skirt, short coat and a straw tourist hat, and Miss Kimball wore knickerbockers, Eton jacket, no gaiters, Tam O'Shanter hat and a sash. Some of the women in the grand stand shouted their disapproval of the bloomers and knickerbockers by roundly hissing their wearers.

AQUATIC.

CANADIANS FOR SARATOGA.

Toronto, July 4.—Canada will be well represented at the approaching regatta of the N. A. A. O. to be held this month at Saratoga. The entries closed yesterday. The Argonauts will send R. N. Johnson for the senior singles. The Torontos will send Alf. Jury, jr., for the intermediate singles; J. Rumohr and J. J. Ryan for the senior singles; Joseph Wright and F. J. Mulqueen for the pair oars; Rumohr and Alf. Russell for the senior doubles; Joseph Wright (stroke), Rumohr, Russell and Mulqueen in the senior four.

AT HENLEY.

Henley-on-the-Thames, July 4.—Except for the French crew expected on Sunday, and some of the English clubs, all the competitors in next week's regatta are now on the scene. The river has been crowded beyond endurance and the weather to-day was greatly improved and favored fast time.

BASEBALL.

A HARD GAME.

Several members of the Amity baseball team who played at Tacoma yesterday returned home this morning. Yesterday's match was won by Tacoma by 13 to 12 after a stubbornly fought game. The Amities found no trouble in hitting the ball, but Tacoma did such good work in both the in and out fields that the Victoria boys were unable to score until the seventh innings. In that innings they made seven runs, tieing the score. Two-base hits were made by Jackson, Duck, Schultz and G. Gowen. After that the Amities took the lead, and after the first half of the ninth the score stood 12 to 8 in favor of Victoria. It was, however, reversed when Tacoma went to the bat for the last time, five runs being piled up by them, a two-base hit by Campbell winning the game. Franklin pitched a good game and was well backed up by Huxtable, but it was an off day with Scott at third. Huxtable did some great batting. Out of five times at bat he made three two-base hits and a single. Duck made one three-base hit and one two-bagger. Schultz got a two-base hit and a single. Widdowson played a star game at second and Jackson looked well after his position. The fielding of the Tacoma fielders could not have been improved upon. Campbell at short made several good plays and Carroll pitched a steady game.

TO-MORROW'S MATCH.

At the Caledonia grounds to-morrow afternoon the Tacoma team play a return match with the Amities. Both teams will be strengthened and an even more exciting game than that played at Tacoma yesterday will be the result. The teams in batting order follow:

Amities—Gus Gowen, centre field, Duck, left field; Jackson, short stop; Scott, third base; Franklin, right field; Widdowson, second base; Partridge, first base; Huxtable, catcher; Lenfesty, pitcher.

Tacoma—Groger, third base; Campbell, short stop; Gates, left field; Cory, second base; Grant, catcher; Jones, centre field; Sullivan, right field; Stotter, first base; Baker, pitcher; Peer, substitute.

CRICKET.

ALBIONS VS. VICTORIA.

The second match of the season between the Albion and Victoria cricket club teams will be played on the Albion grounds at 2:15 to-morrow afternoon. The teams follow:

Victoria—E. A. Pauline, G. S. Holt, Captain G. E. Barnes, W. Lefroy, B. H. Drake, W. Wallis, S. F. Morley, L. C. Barff, C. E. Pooley, A. T. Goward and B. Goward.

Albions—Q. D. H. Warden (captain), F. W. Thomas, C. Schwengers, H. J. Martin, R. H. Swinerton, A. A. Green, H. L. Guilline, W. York, L. York, A. Booth and A. C. Anderson.

THE OAR.

The second reorganization of the senior four of the Seattle Athletic Club was brought about by a protest by Portland against Fred Church, one of the crew. Church went down to Eugene, Oregon, last year and coached the university football team. His expenses were paid, and for that he was declared a professional and barred from rowing among amateurs. It will take several months to reinstate Mr. Church, who with the rest of the members of the S. A. C. feels rather indignant at the whole thing.

LACROSSE.

Harry E. Morton and wife leave shortly for the east. Harry has renewed his membership in the Athletic lacrosse club of St. Catharines, and will play with them against Toronto on the 20th instant.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Affairs in connection with the recent race meeting will be closed up at a meeting of the Victoria Wheelmen's Club this evening.

The regatta committees meet at the J. B. A. A. rooms this evening.

"I would like to know," said Mrs. Cashley, after reading the paper, "how they ever expect to get an intelligent understanding on this financial question."

Cashley—Only one way—plain as daylight—

"Well, how?"

"When you meet a man, and begin talking finance, first find out where he stands and—"

"Oh! And agree with him?"

"No; oppose him every time!"

"What's that?" exclaimed the keeper. "Are we out of straightjackets?"

"Yes," replied the attendant.

"Well, put a close fitting flannel shirt on the patient and stand him under the shower bath."

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Dr. H. F. Merrill.

No Other Medicine
SO THOROUGH AS
AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Statement of a Well Known Doctor

"No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and effects so many permanent cures as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Dr. H. F. Merrill, Augusta, Me.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla
Admitted at the World's Fair.
Ayer's Pills for liver and bowels.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.
61 YATES STREET VICTORIA.
AGENTS FOR
The Brantford Mower,
Wisner Hay Tedders,
Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes,
Massey-Harris Steel Frame Wide-open Binder.
AGENTS—New Westminster, T. J. TRAPP; - Vernon, F. C. COSTERTON.

GILT EDGE CREAMERY BUTTER.

Eastern Pork & Provision Store,
NO. 13, CITY MARKET.
Having made arrangements with one of the best Creameries to handle their butter, have now on hand a choice lot in small tubs for family use. Prices low.

Good Dairy Butter.....10c., 15c., 20c.
Eggs.....12 1-2c., 15c., 20c.

A CHANCE FOR BUYERS.

18 LOTS, blocks 13 and 17, Fernwood, on Duchess and Baronet streets, between Oak Bay avenue and Cadboro bay road, for sale for $2100.
These choice lots are assessed for about fifty per cent more than the price at which we are offering them.
34 LOTS, blocks 4 and 5, Fernwood, on Bank street and Cadboro Bay road, opposite Jubilee Hospital grounds, for sale for $3100; assessed for $7200.
We will sell any city property we own much below the assessor's valuations.
j13-2w W. & J. WILSON.

NOTICE.

All Orangemen and True Blues
Are requested to meet at the A.O.U.W. Hall, on SUNDAY NEXT, the 7th July, at 10 o'clock a.m., in full regalia, for the purpose of attending Divine Service in the First Presbyterian Church. By order.
JOHN WALLACE,
j14-3t Secretary Committee.

MEDIUM.
Are you in trouble? Do you need assistance and advice? If so call on Mrs. Dr. Mearchant. She gives valuable information on all business; can talk with your spirit friends, and for uniting the separated has no equal. Call and be convinced of her wonderful spirit power. Room No. 1, New York Hotel. j14-1m

If You Play Tennis
We can supply you with Racquets, Balls and Nets of the best makes.
RACQUETS RE-STRUNG.

Bicycles
A PAIR OF ACES.....
THEY CANNOT BE BEATEN.....
THE COLUMBIA AND STEARNS
THE CRESCENT AND WINDSOR
Are the BEST VALUE for the money that can be got.
M. W. WAITT & CO.,
64 Government Street.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—W Cox, T C Tolson, S D Cooper, Mrs Bourne, T J Barrow, E McLeod, J W Gilvin, J B Greenfield and Mrs Greenfield, Miss White, T W Patterson, W E Drake, Miss Hall, Master Hall, Miss Courtney, G Purcell, Mrs Pegram, Miss Purvis, J Pierson, Mrs P Clarke, Miss Russell.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—C A Boles, wife and family, Mrs Langley, C A Raymond and wife, D Finlayson, Miss J Way, Miss Williamson, O W Brewer, J Murray, R Swanick, F A Bennett, R Carr, E Carr, and thirty-two excursionists.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—A & W Wilson, Felt & Co, I J J Fisher, W Lough, R Williams, F R Stewart, S Reid, W J Clin, Okell & Morris, J Tolliek, Dom Ex Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Lenz & Leiser, Weller Bros, Short & Son, McMillan & H.

PERSONAL

A. R. Johnston of Nanaimo is at the New England.

T. W. Patterson returned from Vancouver yesterday.

James McIntosh and son of Kamloops are at the Dallas.

James Cunningham of New Westminster is at the Oriental.

Rev. James Reid of New Westminster is at the Oriental.

Mrs. Pegram is down from Kamloops on a visit to relatives.

Jos. Pierson, government auditor, is down from Cariboo.

Z. G. Goldberg and W. E. Drake of Vancouver are at the Driard.

C. E. Raymond and wife of Chicago are among the guests at the Driard.

Rev. D. D. Birks left last night over the Northern Pacific for Rossland.

E. McKim and H. Hemburger of Wellington are registered at the New England.

W. G. Mackenzie returned this afternoon from a business trip to Nanaimo and Wellington.

S. D. Cooper of Portland and W. A. Hutchinson of Port Townsend are at the Oriental.

Thos. E. Ladner has left for California for the benefit of his health. He is accompanied by Mrs. Ladner.

R. N. Johnson, assistant to M. C. Roche, district organizer of the Canadian branch of the Woodmen of the World, is out again after a week's illness.

Summer Is Here,
AND HAS COME TO STAY.....
Get your washing done early in the morning by using
Pendray's "Electric" Soap,
and go on a picnic in the afternoon. Do not rub, rub all day by using inferior soap. Patronize home industry.

NOTICE.
..THE..
Union Assurance Society
A.D. 1874, OF LONDON,
(Capital and accumulated funds over $15,000,000.00),
Has reinsured all existing policies of the
Eastern Assurance Company
OF CANADA.
Eastern policy holders in Victoria may exchange their policies for those of the Union free of charge by applying to
J. ST. CLAIR BLACKETT,
General Agent, 74 Yates st., Victoria, B.C.
T. L. MORRISEY,
Resident Manager.
Montreal, 8th June, 1895.

The Prince of Wales . . .
And a few others don't buy their clothing from us, probably because they can buy nearer home. The quality and fit of our suits would probably satisfy them if they did buy.
OUR PRICES
Are the lowest in Victoria consistent with good workmanship.
J. W. CREIGHTON,
.....32 GOVERNMENT STREET.

"EASTERN."
The above Fire Insurance Co. having gone out of business, I beg to notify my patrons that all Policies are guaranteed by the Union Assurance Society of London, until expiration, when I shall be pleased to continue same in the
Imperial Fire Insurance Co.
OF LONDON,
Established in 1803, with Assets of
$9,000,000.
BEAUMONT BOGGS,
(Late General Agent Eastern.)

General Steamship Agency.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points
From Montreal.

Allan Line, Mongolian	Aug. 3
Allan Line, Numidian	Aug. 10
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Aug. 3
Dominion Line, Oregon	Aug. 8
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	Aug. 7
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	Aug. 14

From New York.

Cunard Line, Aurania	Aug. 3
Cunard Line, Umbria	Aug. 10
American Line, St. Louis	Aug. 7
American Line, Berlin	Aug. 14
White Star Line, Teutonic	Aug. 7
White Star Line, Britannic	Aug. 14
Red Star Line, Friesland	Aug. 7
Red Star Line, Westernland	Aug. 21
Nor. German Lloyd, Saale	Aug. 6
Nor. German Lloyd, Aller	Aug. 13
Anchor Line, Bothnia	Aug. 10
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Aug. 17
Allan State Line, California	Aug. 3
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Aug. 17

For rates and full information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General A. S. Agent,
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.